

The Hodgkin-Huxley Model of Squid Giant Axon (1952)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} C \frac{dV}{dt} = I_{app} - g_{Na} m^3 h (V - V_{Na}) - g_K n^4 (V - V_K) - g_L (V - V_L) \\ \frac{dn}{dt} = \alpha_n(V) [1 - n(t)] - \beta_n(V) n(t) = \frac{n_\infty(V) - n}{\tau_n(V)} \\ \frac{dm}{dt} = \alpha_m(V) [1 - m(t)] - \beta_m(V) m(t) = \frac{m_\infty(V) - m}{\tau_m(V)} \\ \frac{dh}{dt} = \alpha_h(V) [1 - h(t)] - \beta_h(V) h(t) = \frac{h_\infty(V) - h}{\tau_h(V)} \end{array} \right.$$

where $x_\infty(V) = \frac{\alpha_x(V)}{\alpha_x(V) + \beta_x(V)}$, $\tau_x(V) = \frac{1}{\alpha_x(V) + \beta_x(V)}$; $x \in \{m, n, h\}$

$$\alpha_n(V) = 0.01 \frac{V + 55}{1 - \exp\left(-\frac{V + 55}{10}\right)}; \quad \beta_n(V) = 0.125 \exp\left(-\frac{V + 65}{80}\right)$$

$$\alpha_m(V) = 0.1 \frac{V + 40}{1 - \exp\left(-\frac{V + 40}{10}\right)}; \quad \beta_m(V) = 4 \exp\left(-\frac{V + 65}{18}\right)$$

$$\alpha_h(V) = 0.07 \exp\left(-\frac{V + 65}{20}\right); \quad \beta_h(V) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp\left(-\frac{V + 35}{10}\right)}$$

$$C = 1 \mu\text{F}/\text{cm}^2 \quad I = 0$$

$$V_K = -77 \text{ mV} \quad V_{Na} = +55 \text{ mV}; \quad V_L = -54.4 \text{ mV}$$

$$g_K = 36 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2 \quad g_{Na} = 120 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2 \quad g_L = 0.3 \text{ mS}/\text{cm}^2$$