## Math 335-002 Homework #10

Due date: March 5, 2008

- 1. Read p. 59 of the book, the derivation of the equation (3.20) on p. 58
- 2. Problems 2.1-2.3, p. 31
- 3. Find the line integral of the vector field  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = (x^2, y^{1/3}, z)$  along the curve given by  $x = t^2$ ,  $y = e^{3t}$ ,  $z = e^{2t}$ , for *t* varying from 0 to 1
- 4. Consider a conservative force  $F = -\nabla \varphi$  with a potential energy  $\varphi$  given by  $\varphi = r^2$ . Use line integration to calculate the work done by this force along the parabola  $y = x^2$ , for *x* varying from 0 to 1 (assume *z*=0). Compare this value with the difference in potential energy between the endpoints of the curve,  $\varphi(B) \varphi(A)$ .
- 5. Calculate the line integral of a vector field  $\vec{\mathbf{u}} = (y^2, -x, 0)$  over the following curves connecting points A=(1,0,0) and B=(0,1,0):
  - a. A horizontal line connecting point A and the origin (0,0,0) plus a vertical line connecting the origin and point B.
  - b. A circular arc connecting points A and B (recall that trigonometric functions parametrize this circle)
  - c. A straight line connecting points A and B

Compare the three results. Is  $\vec{u}$  a conservative vector field? Calculate the curl of  $\vec{u}$  to check your conclusion.