Lecture 3

- > Vectors
- Free Fall again
- Intro to the Motions in Two and Three Dimensions

(HR&W, Chapters 3 and 4)

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Physics 105, Summer 2006

Lecture 3

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Chapter 3: Vectors

- Vectors and Scalars
- Adding Vectors Geometrically
- Components of Vectors
- Unit Vectors
- Adding Vectors by Components
- Vectors and the Laws of Physics
- Multiplying Vectors
 - Scalar Product
 - Vector or Cross Product

Velocity is a vector !



Velocity has direction ! Velocity can change with time



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Writing Vectors

We need to distinguish vectors From other quantities (scalars)

Common notation: Bold face: c or Arrow: c

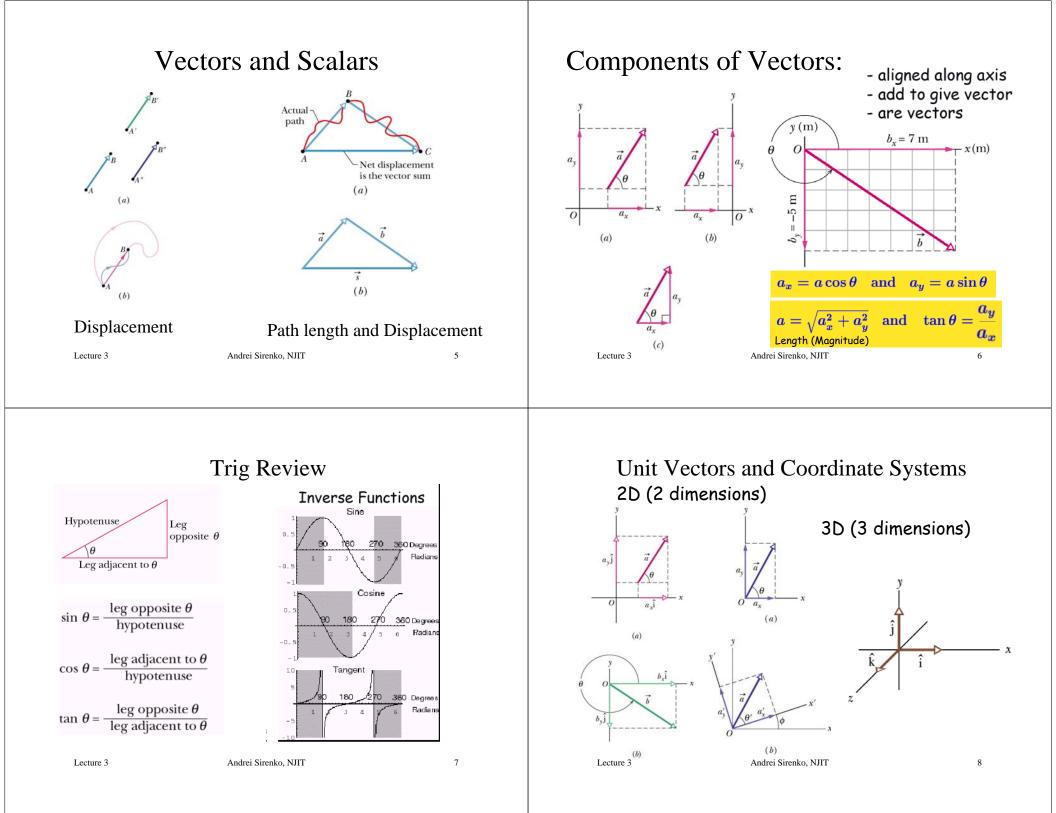


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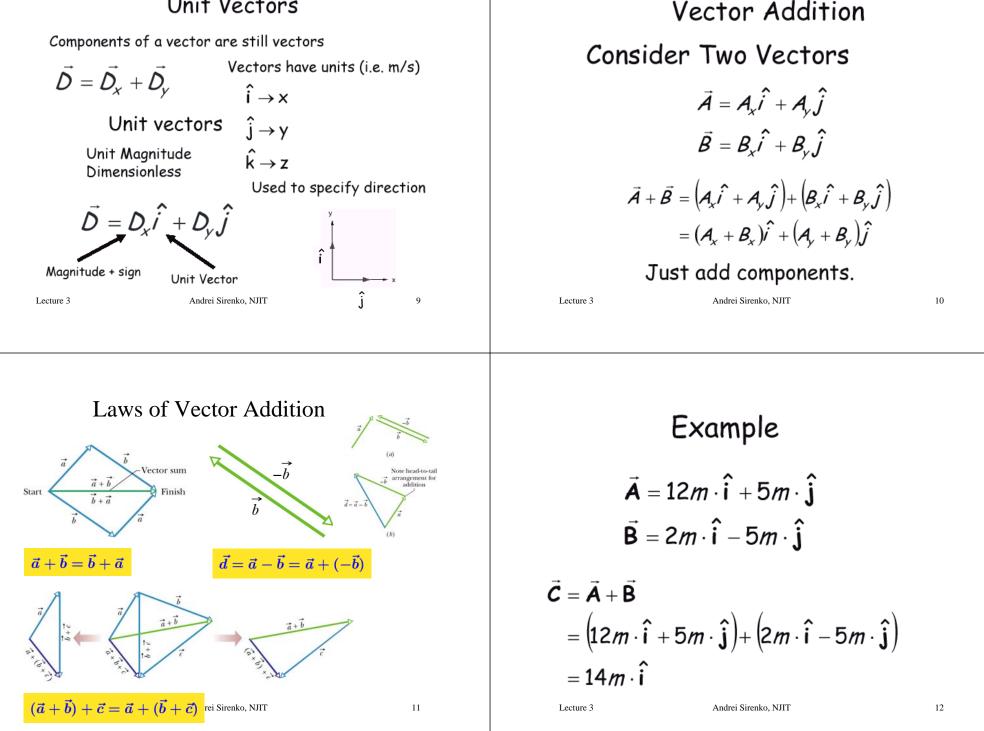
3

1

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Unit Vectors



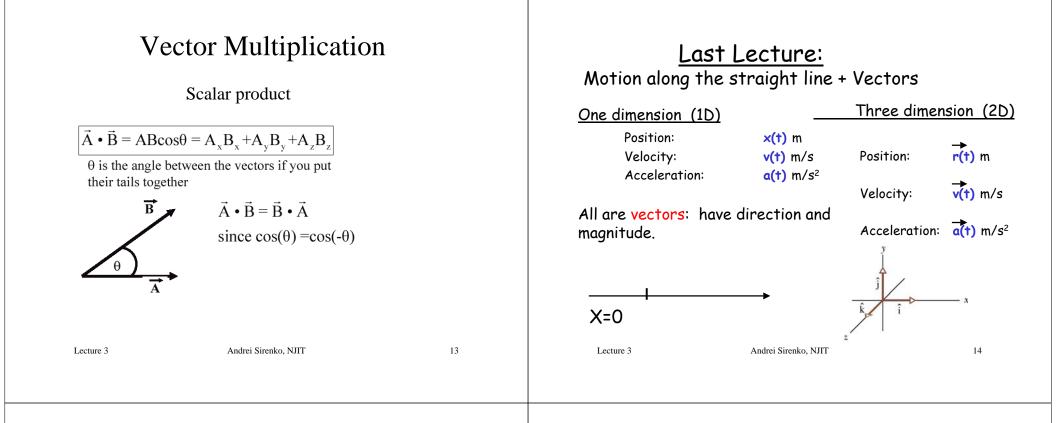
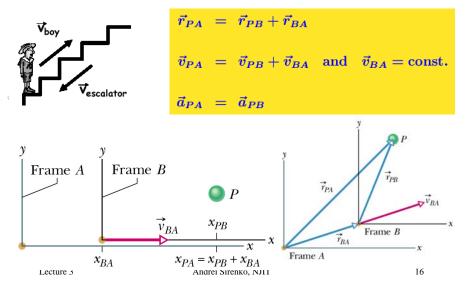


TABLE 2-1 Equations for Motion with Constant Acceleration

Equation Number	Equation	Missing Quantity
2-11	$v = v_0 + at$	x - x ₀
2-15	$x - x_0 = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$	ν
2-16	$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a(x - x_0)$	t
2-17	$x - x_0 = \frac{1}{2}(v_0 + v)t$	a
2-18	$x - x_0 = vt - \frac{1}{2}at^2$	v_0

 a Make sure that the acceleration is indeed constant before using the equations in this table.

Relative Motion/Reference Frames



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