


# Equation Sheet

Waves:  $v = \lambda \cdot f$     linear mass:  $\mu = \frac{m}{L}$      $v = \sqrt{\frac{F}{\mu}} = \sqrt{\frac{\text{Tension}}{\mu}}$

sound:  $v = 343 \text{ m/s}$      $v = 331 \text{ m/s}$  

$I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2$      $I = \frac{E}{t \cdot A}$      $I = \frac{P}{4\pi R^2}$      $\beta = 10 \text{ dB} \log \frac{I}{I_0}$      $\beta_2 - \beta_1 = 10 \text{ dB} \log \frac{I_2}{I_1}$      $f = f_0 \frac{v_{\text{sound}} \pm v_d}{v_{\text{sound}} \mp v_s}$

standing waves: on string and in open pipe at both ends:  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$      $f = \frac{v}{2L} n$      $\lambda = \frac{2L}{n}$

in pipe closed at one end:  $n = 1, 3, 5, \dots$      $f = \frac{v}{4L} n$      $\lambda = \frac{4L}{n}$

interference: constructive:  $d_2 - d_1 = n\lambda$      $f = \frac{v}{d_2 - d_1} n$     destructive:  $d_2 - d_1 = (n + \frac{1}{2})\lambda$      $f = \frac{v}{d_2 - d_1} (n + \frac{1}{2})$

Electric charge:  $q = Ne$      $F = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2}$      $E = k \frac{q}{r^2}$      $F = qE$      $qE = ma$

$k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2$      $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$      $m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$     Circuits:  $R = \rho \frac{L}{A}$ ;

$R = R_0[1 + \alpha(T - T_0)]$ ;     $V = I \cdot R$      $I = \frac{\Delta q}{\Delta t} = \frac{Ne}{t}$ ;     $Q = mc\Delta T$      $P = \frac{E}{\Delta t}$      $P = I^2 R$

$P = \frac{V^2}{R}$      $P = I \cdot V$ ;    in series:  $R_{\text{eq}} = R_1 + R_2 + \dots + R_n$     in parallel:  $1/R_{\text{eq}} = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2 + \dots + 1/R_n$