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PS Extra	Oct 24, 2007	250 points

CS 667 : Homework Extra(Due: Dec 5, 2007)

Problem P1. (250 points)

Implement the algorithm for inversion on pages 19-20 of Subject 6 (Matrix Operations). Your algorithm should work with any dimension n input matrices A. Adjustments to the dimension should be internal; if the input is of dimension n so should the output even if internally you are using a dimension higher than n. The three function of Homework 3 (P1) ReadMatrix, SetMatrix, PrintMatrix can/must be reused for I/O. In order to avoid (and be able to deal with) problems with singularities you may wish to read the last page of the Subject 6 notes.

```
// n can be any integer dimension ; i.e. you have to take care and make it
     a power of two if necessary
//
// *A, *B, *C are one dimensional arrays of n*n elements (floats)
// A[j*n+i] is the i-th row and j-th column element of a two dimensional array
// For Java use one dimensional arrays
RecursiveInverse(float *A, float *B, int n); //Find B=A**-1 Inverse per page 19-20 of Subject 6
MatrixMultiply(float *A, float *B, float *C, int n); // C= A*B
ReadMatrix(float **A, int n, file input-file); //Allocates space for A and reads A
SetMatrix(float *A,float *B,int n); //Allocates space for A and reads A
PrintMatrix(float *A, int n, file output-file,)//Prints A into file output-file
A matrix of the following form might be used as input for testing purposes.
Test Input Matrix ( float *mat )
  for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
       if (i>j) mat[j*n+i] = (float) 0.5*i+1.0;
           else mat[j*n+i] = (float) 0.5*j+0.5;
 }
```

You need to implement the following interface

```
% ./reinverse input-A output-B
or
% java reinverse input-A output-B
```

where input-A, output-B are files containing input/output matrices A, B. All have the same format (go to Problem Set 3 for details). For other assumptions, deviations or instructions, provide a readme.txt file with your code; none of the assumptions/deviations however should restrict the generality of the problem.