## Read each problem carefully. Show all work for each problem. No electronic devices or notes allowed

- 1. (12 pts) A projectile is launched from ground level at an angle  $\theta = \pi/4$ , hitting a target 1000m away, also at ground level. What is the initial speed of the projectile? Use the following approximate value for the acceleration of free fall:  $g \approx 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ .
- **2. (12 pts)** Consider an object moving with acceleration  $\mathbf{a}(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{t+1}}, e^{2t} \right\rangle$ . Find its velocity and position if its initial velocity is  $\mathbf{v}(0) = \left\langle 1, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$  and its initial position is  $\mathbf{r}(0) = \left\langle \frac{1}{3}, 1 \right\rangle$
- **3. (12 pts)** Calculate the length of this curve (hint: when taking the integral, factor out *t* from the integrand, and make a simple substitution):

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle t^3, 1 + t^2 \right\rangle, t \in [0, 1]$$

**Extra credit (5 pts)**: Sketch this vector function on the interval  $t \in [-2, 2]$  as a trajectory in the (x,y) plane.

4. (15 pts) Find the limit, or show that it does not exist

a. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2}$$
 b.  $\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,-1)} \frac{x^4-x^2y^2}{x^2+xy}$  c.  $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{1-\cos(xy)}{x^2y^2}$ 

- **5.** (25 pts) For the function  $f(x, y) = \ln(x y^3)$ 
  - a. **(5pts)** Find the domain and the range of this function. Sketch the domain as a region in the (x, y) plane. Is it an open or a closed region?
  - b. **(4pts)** Sketch the following level curves: f=0, f=1
  - c. (8pts) Find the linearization of the function at point (2, 1), and use it to estimate f(1.8, 1.1)
  - d. (4pts) Find the rate of change of f(x,y) at point (2, 1) in the direction of vector -2i + 3j
  - e. (4pts) Find the unit vector in the direction of zero change of f(x,y) at point (2, 1)
- **6. (12 pts)** Use the chain rule to evaluate  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$  at s=1, t=1 where

$$f(x, y) = 3x + y + e^{\sin(y^2)/x}, x = s/t, y = s-t$$

7. (12 pts) Find the local maxima, minima and saddle points of

$$f(x, y) = xy + 2x - \ln(x^2 y)$$