- **1.** Consider the function $f(x) = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-t} \ln(1+xt) dt$
 - a) Obtain the asymptotic expansion of this function for $x \rightarrow 0$ using the familiar Taylor series expansion of the logarithmic function, and then taking the integral term-by-term. Use the gamma function identity

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} t^{k} e^{-t} dt = \Gamma(k+1) = k!$$

- b) Did you obtain a Taylor series or an asymptotic series for f(x)?
- c) Take a value of x=0.1, and plot the dependence of the partial sum of the asymptotic series, $S_N(x)$, on N, for N from 1 to 20. What do you think would be the best estimate for f(0.1)?
- **2.** Consider the following ODE where ε is a small positive constant parameter:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dy}{dt} = \cos\sqrt{\varepsilon y} \\ y(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

- a) Make a qualitative sketch of the solution (y(t) vs t) using methods learned in the first week of class.
- b) Expand the right-hand side in the Taylor series up to 3^{rd} order in ε , and consider solutions in the form of perturbative series $y(t) = y_o(t) + \varepsilon y_1(t) + \varepsilon^2 y_2(t) + \varepsilon^3 y_3(t) + O(\varepsilon^4)$, with the following initial conditions:

$$y_0(0) = 1, y_{k>0}(0) = 0.$$

c) Plot the partial sums for y(t) from 2 up to 4 terms as a function of t, for ε =0.1, and compare with your qualitative plot in part "a".