

Math 613 * Fall 2019 * Victor Matveev * Homework #6

Problem 1 (20pts) Derive the diffusion / heat equation in a one-dimensional tube/cable for the case where the tube cross-section varies along the length, $A(x)$. Then, consider the special case $A(x) = x^2$. Does the resulting equation remind you of anything from Calculus III?

Hint: Fick's law of diffusion $J = -D \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ remains unchanged; you only have to modify the conservation law derivation, and then combine the two equations. As a reminder, below is the derivation of the conservation law for the case of constant cross-section (modify it for the case where $A=A(x)$, not constant):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dN(t)}{dt} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (u(x^*, t) \Delta V) = \frac{\partial u(x^*, t)}{\partial t} A \Delta x = (\text{inflow rate}) - (\text{outflow rate}) = AJ(x, t) - AJ(x + \Delta x, t) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\partial u(x^*, t)}{\partial t} &= - \frac{J(x + \Delta x, t) - J(x, t)}{\Delta x} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial J}{\partial x} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2 (15pts) Find the truncation error for the following centered difference approximation of $u'(x)$:

$$\frac{du}{dx}(x_n) \approx \frac{u_{n+1} - u_{n-1}}{2\Delta x}$$

To do this, expand $u_{n+1} = u(x_{n+1}) = u(x_n + \Delta x)$ and $u_{n-1} = u(x_{n-1}) = u(x_n - \Delta x)$ in a Taylor series around point x_n , as we did in class when analyzing the centered difference approximation of the 2nd derivative. Finally, check the accuracy of this approximation by applying it to the function $u(x)=x^3$

Problem 3 (35pts)

Use MATLAB or Mathematica (or any other language) to find the solution to
$$\begin{cases} u_t = Du_{xx} - \gamma u & (0 < x < 1) \\ u(0, t) = 0; u(1, t) = 10 & \text{over} \\ u(x, 0) = 10x \end{cases}$$

10 time steps with $D = 0.2$, $\gamma = 10$, $\Delta t = 0.01$ and $N=10$ subdivisions along the x-interval $[0, 1]$.

Hint: find u_n^{m+1} from the forward Euler discretization of this equation:
$$\frac{u_n^{m+1} - u_n^m}{\Delta t} = D \frac{u_{n-1}^m - 2u_n^m + u_{n+1}^m}{(\Delta x)^2} - \gamma u_n^m$$

Present the result as a table and plot these values as a surface using MATLAB / Mathematica / anything

Problem 4 (30pts)

Find the **equilibrium** solution $u_{eq}(x)$ to the heat equation with heat loss along the length of the cable:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = D \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \gamma u(x, t) & (0 < x < L, t > 0; \gamma = const > 0; D = const > 0) \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(0, t) = 0; u(L, t) = T = const \\ u(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Make a rough plot by hand of $u_{eq}(x)$ and explain the heat balance: where does the heat enter, and where does it exit at equilibrium? **See next page for a hint**

Hint: at equilibrium, time derivative is zero, therefore

$$\begin{cases} D \frac{d^2 u_{eq}(x)}{dx^2} - \gamma u_{eq}(x) = 0 & (0 < x < L, \gamma = \text{const}) \\ \frac{du_{eq}}{dx}(0) = 0; \quad u_{eq}(L) = T = \text{const} \end{cases}$$