

**Commands Manual** 

Quantum Design San Diego, CA

#### **PPMS Commands Quick-Reference**

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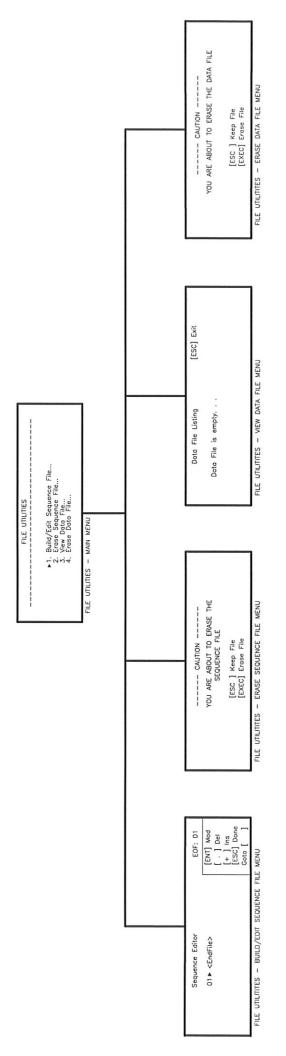
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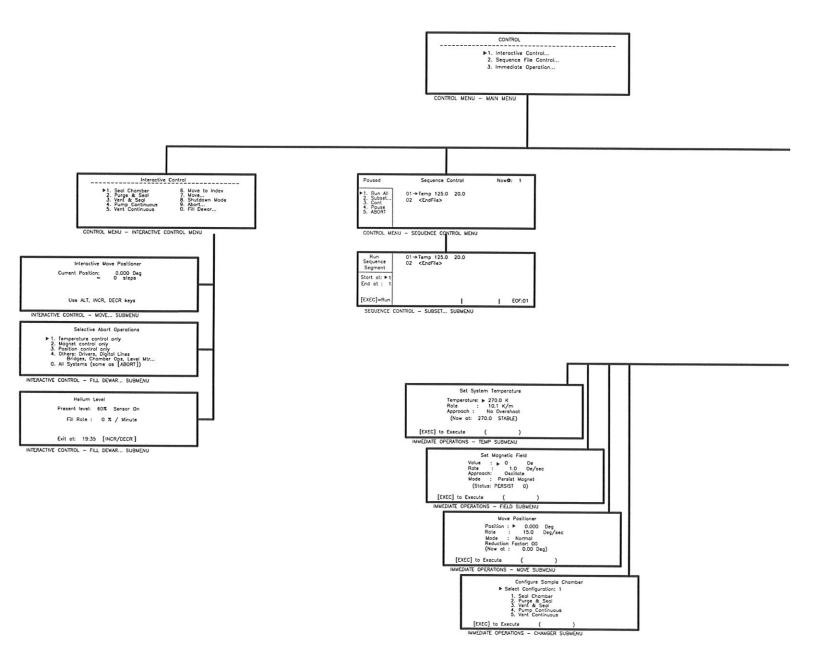
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MODEL 6000 FILES MENU STRUCTURE



#### MODEL 6000 CONTROL MENU STRUCTURE

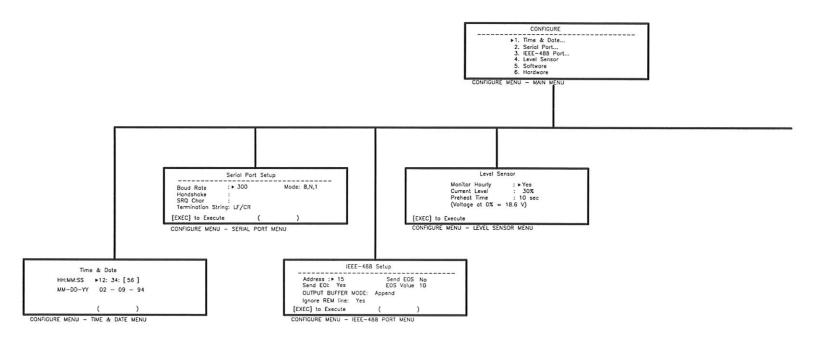


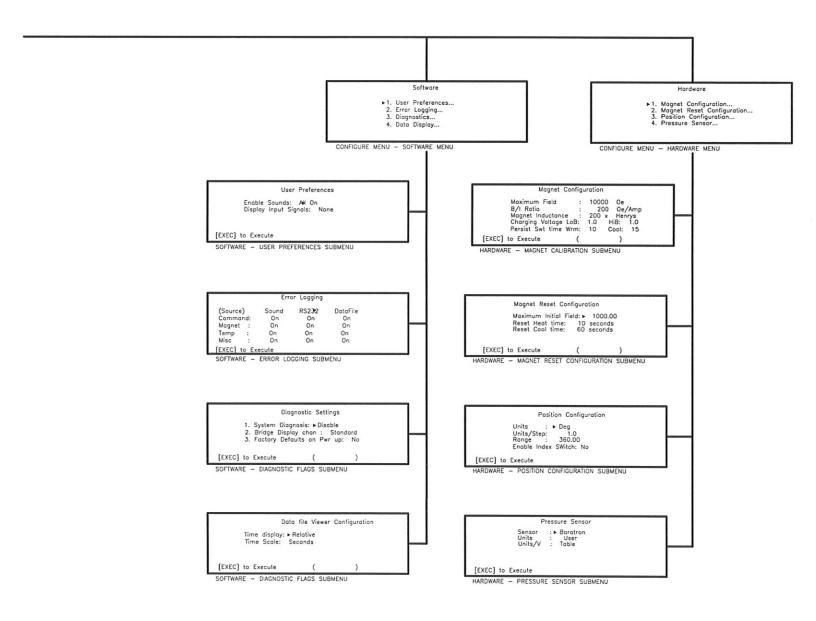
Immediate Operations 11: Measure 12: Link 13: MagRst [ ] Select CONTROL MENU - IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS MENU Put Comment in Data File Set Externol Select Lines Select #1: ▶ Off Select #2: Off Select #3: Off [EXEC] to Execute [EXEC] to Execute IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - COMMENT SUBMENU IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - EXTSET SUBMENU Setup Bridge Channel | Setup Bridge Channel |
| ▶ Chan 1 User |
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| Par Limit : 0.00 μW |
| Colibration Mode: Standard | Set Voltage Ouput at BNC Connector Channel : ▶ 1 Voltage : 0.0 [EXEC] to Execute [EXEC] to Execute IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - BRIDGE SUBMENU IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - SIGOUT SUBMENU Set Digital Outputs Data File Measurements x0007 Aux. Drive #1 : ▶ Off Aux. Drive #2 : Off Aux. Drive #3 : Off Actuator Drive : Off ► Status • Temp • Field Pos Brg1Res Brg1Exc Brg2Res Brg2Exc [EXEC] to Execute ( )

IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - DIGSET SUBMENU [EXEC] to Execute IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - MEASURE SUBMENU Set Driver Outputs Link BNC to Parameter Chan : ▶ 1 Current : 0.0 mA Power Limit : 0.0 mW Output Channel 
Link to Parameter #: -offValue at +10 V : 0
Value at 0 V : 0 [EXEC] to Execute ( [EXEC] to Execute ( ) IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - DRVOUT SUBMENU Magnet Quench Drive to Field: Od-Rate : Oe/sec (Status: Persist 00.0 ) [EXEC] to Execute ( )

IMMEDIATE OPERATIONS - QUENCH SUBMENU

## MODEL 6000 CONFIG MENU STRUCTURE





#### Abort

#### Introduction

The **Abort** command is used to terminate execution of a sequence file or system operations. Selected systems may be aborted from the Model 6000 controller **Selective Abort Operations** screen or all PPMS control systems may be aborted by using the front panel **Abort** key.

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Model 6000 **Selective Abort Operations** screen:

CTRL | , 1 , 9

Control, Interactive Control, Abort

#### Screen Description

The Model 6000 **Selective Abort Operations** screen is shown below:

#### Selective Abort Operations

- ▶1. Temperature Control only
- 2. Magnet Control only
- 3. Position Control only
- Others: Drivers, Digital Lines, Bridges, Chamber Ops, Level Mtr...
- 5. All Systems (same as [ABORT])

#### Selection Items

The following table describes the selection items of the Selective Abort Operations screen:

Select	In Order To Abort
1. Temperature Control Only	all temperature control operations.
2. Magnet Control Only	all magnet control operations.
3. Position Control Only	all position control operations.
4. Others: Drivers, Digital Lines	systems not listed above.
5. All Systems (same as [ABORT])	all PPMS control systems. This has the same effect as pressing the front panel <b>ABORT</b> key ( <b>ALT</b> and +/-).

# To Abort Control Operation

The following instructions explain how to abort a PPMS control system:

- 1. Enter the Selective Abort Operations screen.
- 2. Place the cursor at the selected menu item.

**WARNING:** When an **ABORT** command is entered, the aborted sub-system will be aborted immediately.

3. Press the **ENTER** key to abort operation of the selected system.

<u>NOTE</u>: To terminate sequence file execution, use the **Abort** command found on the **Sequence Control** screen (CTRL,2). (See **Sequence Files**).

Alternative Abort Method	To abort all system operations, rather than select item <b>5. All Systems</b> , the <b>ABORT</b> key on the Model 6000 front panel may be used:
	Press <b>ALT</b> and +/- to abort all PPMS control system.
To Resume Operation	To re-enable the system following an <b>ABORT</b> command, enter a command that requires the aborted system. If <b>All Systems</b> were aborted, all commands will be required to restore the system.
Related Topics	Sequence Files

# Analog (Voltage) Output at BNC Connector

**Topics** 

Status - Other

Introduction	The Model 6000 rear panel has four BNC Connectors, which may be configured to supply a fixed output voltage. This section explains the setting of these outputs.			
GPIB Equivalent	The GPIB SIGOUT command may also be used to set the BNC voltage output. Refer to Appendix B for additional information.			
Analog Outputs	The four Model 6000 BNC connectors labelled A1 through A4 may be configured to supply a fixed voltage of -10 to +10 volts, or linked to a selected system parameter (see Link). The A1 output is duplicated on the Model 6000 front panel for easy access.			
Selection Items	The following table describes the parameters of the analog output setting:			
	The Item	Specifies	Allowed Values	
	Channel	which of the four rear panel BNC connectors (A1 through A4) is to be set.	1 to 4	
	Voltage	the output voltage at the specified channel.	-10 to +10 volts	
Keystrokes	CTRL , 3	, 10 te Operations, 10: SigOut		
PPMS Control	The analog output	te Operations, 10: SigOut  is are set from the <b>Analog Output</b> panel of the PF  ig the <b>Analog Out</b> button of the PPMS Control Pa		
		Channels portion of this panel.		
Setting the BNC Output Voltage	<ol> <li>Note: The minimum recommended load resistance for these channels is 10 kohms.</li> <li>Specify the Channel number to be set (Channel 1 through 4 for Connectors A1 through A4, respectively).</li> <li>Specify the output voltage (from -10V to +10V).</li> </ol>			
Removing a Parameter Link	If a channel was previously "Linked" to a system parameter, the existing link will be terminated by the set voltage command.			
Related	Link BNC to P	arameter		

# **Bridge Channel Setup**

Introduction	The Model 6000 <b>Resistance Bridge</b> offers four channels which may be configured to measure the resistance with specific current drive and measurement parameters.
GPIB Equivalent	The GPIB BRIDGE command may also be used to set the resistance bridge parameters. Refer to Appendix B for additional information.
About the Resistance Bridge	The four channel resistance bridge may be configured to perform a four-wire resistance measurement. The bridge actually has up to eight channels available, however, channels 5-8 are reserved for internal calibrations. The bridge offers an optional square wave excitation of approximately 7.5 Hz synchronized to the AC line frequency (50 or 60 Hz) to reject AC line noise.
Selection	The following table explains each of the entry fields for the Resistance Bridge configuration:

#### Selection Items

The following table explains each of the entry fields for the **Resistance Bridge** configuration:

The Item	Specifies	Allowed Values
Excitation Current	the maximum excitation to be applied to the external device.	0.00, 0.01 to 5000.00 μA
Power Limit	the maximum power to be applied to the external device.	0.0, 0.001 to 1000.0 μA
Calibration Mode (Measure Mode)	how frequently the analog-to-digital converter will read the internal precision resistors to recalibrate its readings.	•Fast •Standard (default) •High Resolution
Mode (Drive Mode)	excitation type for the resistance measurement.	•AC •DC

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Model 6000 Setup Bridge Channel screen:

CTRL , 3, 06

Control, Immediate Operations, 06:Bridge

PPMS Control Panel	The bridge channel is configured from the <b>4-Channel Resistance Bridge</b> screen of the PPMS Control Panel. This panel is opened by pressing the <b>Resis. Bridge</b> button of the PPMS Control Panel.
Configuring the Resistance	<ol> <li>Select a Resistance Bridge Channel and enter an Excitation Current and Power Limit.</li> <li>Select the Calibration Mode and (Drive) Mode.</li> </ol>
Bridge	<u>Note</u> : If either the <b>Power Limit</b> or <b>Excitation Current</b> are set to zero for a channel, the channel will be automatically turned off.

#### Current and Power Limits

• When the bridge channel is in operation, the **Excitation Current** will be limited by either the maximum **Excitation Current** or **Power Limit**, whichever limits the current to a lower value.

#### Calibration (Measure) Mode

- In **Standard Calibration Mode** the internal analog-to-digital calibration is updated approximately once each hour to account for thermal and other long-term drifts in the bridge electronics.
- In Fast Calibration Mode bridge channel readings are performed as quickly as possible and no analogto-digital calibration readings are performed.

# Excitation Mode

- The AC excitation is a square wave excitation of approximately 7.5 Hz synchronized to the AC line frequency (50 or 60 Hz) to reject AC line noise.
- In AC mode, the excitation current is reversed between the first and second measurements, and one-half
  of the difference between the two readings is reported.
- In **DC** mode, two readings are made with the same polarity and then averaged.

# **Configure Menu (Top-Level)**

#### Description

The **Configure** menu is a Model 6000 top-level menu that allows access to various Model 6000 system configuration settings.

# CONFIGURE 1. Time & Date... 2. Serial Port... 3. IEEE-488 Port... 4. Level Sensor 5. Software 6. Hardware

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following key to access the **Configure** menu:

CONFIG

Configure

#### Menu Items

The following table explains each of the menu items found on the **Configure** screen:

Select	In Order To
1. Time & Date	set the system time and date.
2. Serial Port	configure the serial port.
3. IEEE-488 Port	configure the IEEE-488 port.
4. Level Sensor	set the helium level sensor parameters.
5. Software	set User Preferences, Error Logging, and Diagnostic Flags.
6. Hardware	set the Magnet Configuration, Magnet Quench Configuration, Position Configuration, and Pressure Sensor.

#### Related Topics

- Time & Date
- · Level Sensor
- Serial Port
- Software
- IEEE-488 Port
- · Hardware

# Control Menu (Top-Level)

#### Description

The Control menu is a Model 6000 top-level menu that allows access to various system control menus.

## CONTROL ▶1. Interactive Control . . .

- 2. Sequence File Control . . .
- 3. Immediate Operation . . .

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following key to access the Control menu:

CTRL

Control

#### Menu Items

The following table explains each of the menu items found on the Control screen:

Select	In Order to
1. Interactive Control	perform chamber and sample motion operations.
2. Sequence File Control	run and stop sequence file execution.
3. Immediate Operations	immediately perform system operations.

#### Related **Topics**

- Interactive Control
- Sequence File Control
- · Immediate Operations

# Data File: Overview

Introduction	This section explains how measurement data are handled by the Model 6000 and the PPMS Control Panel.
About PPMS Data Files  When commanded to create a data file, PPMS data records are stored to the Model 6000 may then be uploaded to a host computer, or viewed directly from the Data File Listing Model 6000.	
File Size	The Model 6000 data file can hold up to 2000 empty records or about 100 full records. The actual number of records will depend upon record size. (In the future, this number may be expanded.) The data file size is displayed on the <b>Status - System</b> screen of the Model 6000.
File Structure	The data file consists of records of information presented in sequential order. Each line represents a record. The following table describes each field that will appear (from left to right) in the data file:

Field	Description
Bit Flag	This is a bit flag which reports which system parameters are represented in the data record.
	Note: For a full listing of the bit flag parameters, and the data file structure, see Appendix C: section C.2.
Timestamp	Timestamp: This is the time, in seconds, since midnight, January 1st of this year.
Parameters	This will be the first parameter selected for display.  Parameters will be displayed in the order that they are represented on the Table in section C.2

## Data File: Comment

#### Introduction

Frequently it is desirable to place a string comment in the data file at a specific line. The comment may be used to identify the sample, experiment, or experimenter.

#### Using the Different Interfaces

Data file comments are inserted differently depending upon the interface option in use. The following table lists where specific information about this procedure is located:

If You Are Using	Refer To Section	On Page
Model 6000 Menu System	Data File: Comment, Model 6000	10
PPMS Control Panel	Data File: Comment, PPMS Control Panel	11
GPIB	Appendix B: COMMENT	B-5

# Data File: Comment, Model 6000 Instructions

Description	The Model 6000 Data File Comment screen is used to insert a comment into the Model 6000 data file.	
Model 6000 Keystrokes	Press the following keys to view this screen:  CTRL , 3 , 05	
	Control, Immediate Operations, 05:Comment	
Selection Items		
Placing a Comment In the Data File		
Related Topics		

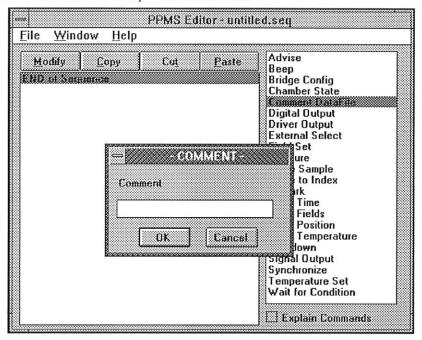
## Data File: Comment, PPMS Control Panel Instructions

In This Section

This section describes how to place a comment into the Model 6000 data file when using the PPMS Control Panel.

#### Description

The **Comment DataFile** command of the Sequence File Editor allows the user to enter a comment for insertion into the data file. This panel is shown below:



#### Opening the Comment Panel

Open the **Comment** panel from the **Sequence File Editor** screen of the PPMS Control Panel. The following instructions explain how to open this screen:

- 1. From the **PPMS Control Panel**, open the **Window** menu and select **Editor**.
- 2. With the **Editor** panel opened, select **Comment** from the command list on the right side of the screen. Double-click the left mouse button to open the **Comment** panel.

#### Inserting a Comment into the Data File

In order to place a comment in the data file, it is necessary to write a sequence file that includes the **Comment** command. The file may contain only the **Comment** command to immediately place the comment into the data file, or it may contain a series of system commands with the **Comment** command placed at specific points of interest. For information about writing a sequence file, see "Sequence Files."

The following instructions explain how to insert a comment into the data file using the PPMS Control Panel.

- 1. Open the Editor panel (see above).
- 2. Place the cursor at the line of the Sequence file where you want data to be collected.
- 3. Select **Comment** from the command list by placing the cursor on **Comment** and double-clicking the left mouse button.
- 4. The **Comment panel** will now be displayed. Type in your comment using the keyboard. Note that it is not necessary to use quotation ("") marks around the comment.
- 5. When you are done press the **OK button** to place the comment line into the sequence file. To leave without making any changes, press **Cancel**.

## Data File: Creating a Data File

#### Introduction

A data file is not autmatically generated during a measurement, instead, it is necessary to specify which system information should be placed into the data file. This section explains this proceedure.

#### Using the Different Interfaces

The **Measure** command is used to specify which system parameters are to be placed into the data file. The following table lists where specific information about this command is located:

If You Are Using	Refer To Section	On Page
Model 6000 Menu System	Creating a Data File From the Model 6000	14
PPMS Control Panel	Creating a Data File From the PPMS Control Panel	15
GPIB	Appendix B: Measure, and Appendix C	B-17, C-1

# Data Selection Items

The following table describes each item that may be placed into the data file. (Specific information about each parameter is provided under the parameter description elsewhere in this manual.)

Select		To Insert the	For More
Model 6000 Screen	PPMS Control Panel		Information See Section
Status	General Status	system status code.	Appendix C, page C-7
Temp	Temperature	system temperature.	Temperature
Field	Magnetic Field	magnetic field.	Magnetic Field
Brg#Res	Brg Ch-# Resistance	resistance of the specified bridge number.	Setup Bridge Channel
Brg#Exc	Brg Ch-# Excitation	excitation current at the specified bridge.	Setup Bridge Channel
Sig#	Sig Ch-# Input Voltage	signal input for Signal 1 or Signal 2.	Signal Inputs
DigIn	Digital Inputs	8-bit status of selected inputs.	Digital Inputs
MORE		To access the second set of selection items.	
Drv# ma	Dr Ch-# Current	current (mAmps) being delivered by the User Driver Output, Channel 1.	Set Driver Outputs
Drv# W	Dr Ch-# Power	power (Watts) being delivered by the User Driver Output, Channel 1.	Set Driver Outputs
Press	Sample Pressure	sample chamber pressure. Units depend on user configuration.	Pressure Sensor
Map 20-29	Мар 20-29	user mapped item which is mapped to positions 20-29, respectively.	Appendix B, MADAT and TABLE Commands
BACK		To return to the first display screen.	

Note: To place a comment in the data file, see Data File: Comment.

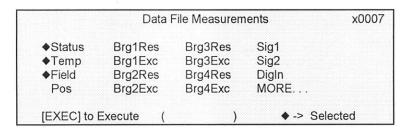
#### Data File: Creating a Data File With the Model 6000

#### In This Section

This section describes how to designate data items for placement into the Model 6000 data file when using the Model 6000 menu system.

#### Description

The Model 6000 Data File Measurements screen is used to select items to be inserted into the data file.



	Measureme	ents Page 2	
Drv1 ma	Press	Map 23	Map 27
Drv1 W	Map 20	Map 24	Map 28
Drv2 ma	Map 21	Map 25	Map 29
Drv2 W	Map 22	Map 26	BACK
[EXEC] to Exe	cute (	) •	> Selected

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the **Data File Measurements** screen:

CTRL , 3 , 11

Control, Immediate Operations, 11:Measure

#### Inserting an Item into the Data File

The following instructions explain how to insert a system parameter into the data file.

- 1. Enter the Immediate Operations screen (CTRL, 3).
- Select the Measure item by placing the cursor (►) in front of the item "11: Measure" and pressing the ENTER key. You can also use the number keys by entering "11".
- 3. The **Data File Measurements** screen will now be displayed. Select parameters for insertion into the data file by placing the cursor in front of the item and pressing **ENTER**. Selected items will have a ◆ symbol next to them. (Press **ENTER** again to de-select an item.)
- 4. When you are done selecting items, press the **ALT** and **ENTER** keys to execute the command. To leave without making any changes, press **ESC**.
- Repeat the procedure for items listed on the second screen.

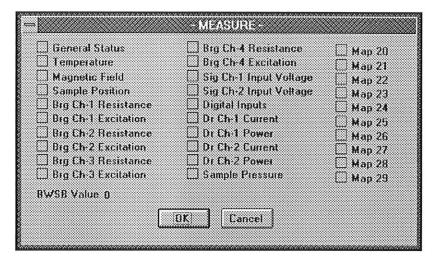
The selected items will be placed immediately into the data file.

## Data File: Creating a Data File With the PPMS Control Panel

In This Section This section describes how to designate data items for placement into the Model 6000 data file when using the PPMS Control Panel.

Description

The **Measure** panel is used to select items to be inserted into the data file. This panel is shown below:



#### Opening the Measure Panel

The **Measure** panel is opened from the **Sequence File Editor** screen of the PPMS Control Panel. The following instructions explain how to open this screen:

- 1. From the **PPMS Control Panel**, open the **Window** menu and select **Editor**.
- 2. With the **Editor** panel opened, select **Measure** from the command list on the right side of the screen. Double-click the left mouse button to open the **Measure** panel.

#### Inserting an Item into the Data File

In order to create a data file, it is necessary to write a sequence file that includes the **Measure** command. The file can contain only the **Measure** command to immediately place information into a data file, or it may contain a series of system commands with the **Measure** command placed at specific points of interest. For information about writing a sequence file, see "Sequence Files."

The following instructions explain how to insert a system parameter into the data file using the PPMS Control Panel.

- 1. Open the Editor panel (see above).
- 2. Place the cursor at the line of the Sequence file where you want data to be collected.
- Select Measure from the command list by placing the cursor on Measure and double-clicking the left mouse button.
- 4. The **Measure panel** will now be displayed. Select parameters for insertion into the data file by clicking the mouse with the cursor on the corresponding box. Selected items will have an x in the selection box.
- 5. When you are done selecting items, press the **OK button** to place the command line into the sequence file. To leave without making any changes, press **Cancel**.

#### Data File: Erase Data File

Introduction The erase

The erase data file command is used to clear the Model 6000 data file buffer. This section explains the use of this screen.

01 11110

The Model 6000 Erase Data File screen is used to erase the data file currently in the Model 6000.

# -----CAUTION-----YOU ARE ABOUT TO ERASE THE DATA FILE

[ESC] Keep File [EXEC] Erase File

Model 6000 Keystrokes

Description

Press the following keys to view the Erase Data File screen:

FILE

, 4

File, Erase Data File

Selection Items The Erase Data File screen has only two selection items:

- · Keep File, and
- · Erase File.

How to Erase the Data File

Erase the data file by pressing the **ENTER** key.

**WARNING:** The data file will be erased immediately after you press **ENTER**.

To exit this screen without erasing the data file, press the **ESC** key.

Note: This command will only erase the data file on the Model 6000. Data files outside of the Model

6000 may be erased using the DOS "DEL filename" command.

Related Topics · Data File

· Data File: View Data File

· Data File: Uploading the Data File

## Data File: Uploading the Data File

# Why Upload Data?

All PPMS measurement data is collected and stored in the Model 6000, which has a limited data file capacity. Therefore, in order to graph or store the Model 6000 data file, the file must be uploaded to a computer.

# Uploading Options

Data may be uploaded using GPIB commands or, more simply, using the **Upload** utility which is included with the PPMS Control Panel.

#### Using the Upload Utility

The following instructions explain how to upload a data file using the PPMS Control Panel:

- 1. Open the PPMS Control Panel.
- 2. Open the **File** menu and select **Upload**. The **Upload** panel will be opened.
- Open the <u>File</u> menu and select <u>Open</u>.
- 4. You will be prompted to select an output file. Either select an existing file, or create a new file. The file should have a .DAT extension.
- 5. If the file name you have entered does not exist, you will be asked if you want to create a new file. Answer yes by pressing the **Yes** button.
- 6. Press the <u>Upload</u> button to begin the upload procedure. If it is necessary to stop the process, press the <u>Stop</u> button.

When Upload is completed, the data will be contained in the data file you have specified and will be ready for viewing.

#### Using GPIB to Upload

The GPIB **DATA?** command may be used to upload the data file one line at a time. In order to upload the entire file, it is recommended that the **DATA?** command be placed inside a DO loop, which will stop when an empty record is returned (indicating the end of the file). A full description of the **DATA?** and other GPIB commands is provided in Appendix B of this manual.

#### Data File: View Data File

Field

Introduction	Data files may be viewed from the Model 6000 or after uploading. This section of the manual will explain both viewing techniques.		
Viewing the Model 6000 Data File	In order to view the Model 6000 data file, you may use either the Data File Listing screen or the GPIB DATA? command described in Appendix B.		
Model 6000 Keystrokes	Press the following keys to view the <b>Data File Listing</b> screen:  FILE , 3  File, View Data File		
Model 6000 The Model 6000 Data File Listing screen is shown below:  Data File Listing Screen			
	Time 0 0.5 1.0 Status 62239 62239 Temp 4.1605 4.1606 4.1614		

#### Using the Data File Listing Screen

When the **Data File Listing** screen is opened, the data file records will be displayed with each parameter described along the left side of the screen. Each data record is displayed so that the first record appears to the left of the next.

10551.968

10551.053

#### Using Grapher to View Uploaded Data

The uploaded data file may be viewed by using the **Grapher** utility of the PPMS Control Panel. The following instructions describe this procedure:

- 1. If the Model 6000 data file has not already been uploaded, upload it to the host computer before proceding (see **Data File: Uploading Data**).
- 2. Open the **Grapher** utility by selecting **Graph** from the PPMS Control Panel**Window** menu.
- 3. Open the File menu of the Grapher panel and select Open Data File.

10550.994

4. Select the data file from the **Open Data File** panel and press the **OK** button.

The **Grapher** panel will now display a graph of the selected data file. (The data file name will be displayed across the top of the panel.)

 Place the cursor on any graphed data point and double click the left mouse button to open the Identify Data Point panel.

The data record corresponding to the selected data point will be listed with the plotted fields highlighted.

 Use the vertical scroll bar to scroll through the data record or use the horizontal scroll bar to view other records of the same file.

## **Diagnostic Settings (Diagnostics)**

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Diagnostic Settings** screen is used to set the Model 6000 diagnostic and default parameters.

Diagnostic Settings

1. System Diagnosis: ► Disable

2. Bridge Display chan: Standard

3. Factory Defaults on Pwr up: No

[EXEC] to Execute ( )

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the **Diagnostic Settings** screen:

CONFIG

Configure, Software, Diagnostic Settings

, 5, 3

# Configuration Items

The following Model 6000 configuration items may be set from this screen:

- · System Diagnostics
- · Bridge Display Channel
- Factory Defaults on Power Up

<u>WARNING:</u> The items in this menu are provided for diagnostic purposes only. In general, it is not recommended that users reset these flags unless specifically directed to do so by a Quantum Design service technician.

#### System Diagnostics

The **System Diagnostics** feature allows the user to access system control channels (system bridge and heater driver) and hardware normally used for temperature or other system control.

System Diagnostics may be enabled or disabled (default).

#### Bridge Channel Display

The **Bridge Channel Display** setting determines which bridge (**System** or **User Bridge**) will be displayed on the **Status-Bridge** screen.

#### Factory Defaults on Power Up

When enabled (Yes), the Factory Defaults on Power Up setting will cause all configuration information, downloaded tables, and sequence files to be erased when the system is turned on.

#### Related Topics

## **Driver Outputs**

Introduction	The Model 6000 features two current drivers that may be set by the user. These outputs may be set from the Model 6000 or the PPMS Control Panel. This section explains the use of this feature.
GPIB Equivalent	The GPIB DRVOUT command may also be used to set the Current Drivers. Refer to Appendix B for additional information.
Current Driver Outputs	The <b>Driver Outputs</b> setting results in an output current across the System Bridge channels 1 and 2. Driver channels 3 and 4 are reserved for the system chamber and neck heaters.
Entry Itoms	The following table describes each of the parameters that are get from the Set Driver Output

Entry Items

The following table describes each of the parameters that are set from the **Set Driver Outputs** screen:

The Item	Specifies	Allowed Values
Channel	the driver output channel; channels 3 and 4 are reserved for use by the PPMS temperature control system.	1 or 2
Current	the maximum current that will drive this channel.	0.0 to 1000.0 mA
Power Limit	the maximum power that will be allowed across this channel.	0.0 to 20.0 mW

Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Model 6000 **Set Driver Outputs** screen:

CTRL , 3 , 08

Control, Immediate Operations, 08:DrvOut

PPMS Control Panel The Current Driver Outputs are set from the **Analog Output** panel of the PPMS Control Panel. This screen is opened by pressing the **Analog Out** button on the PPMS Control Panel.

Setting Driver Output The output current and maximum voltage may be set from the Model 6000 **Set Driver Outputs** screen or from the PPMS Control Panel **Analog Output** panel.

Specify the driver channel, current (milliamps), and power limit (watts). If either the **Current** or **Power Limit** are set to zero, the corresponding driver channel will be automatically turned off.

# **Error Logging**

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Error Logging** screen allows you to specify how errors are logged within the Model 6000 and PPMS systems.

#### **Error Logging**

#### THIS MENU IS NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the **Error Logging** screen:

CONFIG

Configure, Software, Error Logging

, 5 , 2

How To Use

This feature is not yet available

Notes

• The Error Logging feature is not implemented yet.

Related Topics

#### **External Select Lines**

Introduction	The External Select Lines are accessed by the Model 6000 rear panel and may be activated from the Model 6000 menu system or from the PPMS Control Panel.	
GPIB Equivalent	The GPIB EXTSET command may also be used to set the <b>External Select</b> lines. Refer to Appendix B for additional information.	
External Select Lines	External Select lines are accessed from the <b>P11 External</b> connector on the Model 6000 rear panel. These optically-isolated transistor switches require a nominal 10K pull-up resistor on the collector. The emitter should be tied to ground.	
	Specific pinout details are provided in Appendix A.	
Selection	The following table provides the rear panel pinouts for the external select lines.	

# **Items**

External Port	Pin Number	
(P11)	Collector	Emitter
Select 1	1	14
Select 2	2	15
Select 3	3	16

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Set External Select Lines screen:

CTRL , 3 , 09

Control, Immediate Operation, ExtSet

#### **PPMS Control Panel**

The External Select Lines are set from the Digital I/O panel of the PPMS Control Panel. This panel is opened by pressing the **Digital Out** button of the PPMS Control Panel.

#### Setting **External Select Lines**

The External Select Lines are activated from the Model 6000 Set External Select Lines screen or from the PPMS Control Panel Digital I/o panel. The External Select Lines may be either On (asserted) or Off.

## File Utilities (Top-Level)

#### Description

The **File Utilities** screen is a Model 6000 top-level menu used to access Model 6000 data and sequence file utilities.

#### FILE UTILITIES

- ▶1. Build/Edit Sequence File . . .
  - 2. Erase Sequence File . . .
  - 3. View Data File. . .
  - 4. Erase Data File . . .

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following key to display the **File Utilities** menu:



File

#### Menu Items

The following table describes of the menu items found on the File Utilities screen:

Select	In order to	
1. Build/Edit Sequence File	create or edit a sequence file with the Model 6000.	
2. Erase Sequence File	erase the present Model 6000 sequence file.	
3. View Data File	view the present Model 6000 data file.	
4. Erase Data File erase the present Model 6000 data file.		

# Related Topics

For additional information on these selection items, refer to the following sections:

- Sequence Editor
- · Data File Listing
- Erase Sequence File
- · Erase Data File
- Data Files

#### Hardware

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Hardware** menu allows the user to access the configuration screens for the PPMS magnet and the optional magnet quench, sample positioner, and external pressure sensor.

#### Hardware

- ▶1. Magnet Configuration...
- 2. Magnet Quench Configuration...
- 3. Position Configuration...
- 4. Pressure Sensor...

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

This menu is accessed by pressing the following keys:

CONFIG .

Configure, Hardware

#### GPIB Equivalent

MAGCNF (magnet configure), MOVECFG (positioner configure)

#### Menu Items

The following table explains each of the menu items found on the Hardware screen:

Select	In Order To	
1. Magnet Configuration	set or check the system magnet parameters.	
2. Magnet Reset Configuration	set the maximum initial field, and reset heat and cool times.	
3. Position Configuration	select the sample motion units, units/step, and range of motion.	
4. Pressure Sensor	specify an external pressure gauge.	

#### Related Topics

- · Magnet Configuration
- · Magnet Reset Configuration
- · Position Configuration
- · Pressure Sensor

#### Helium Level

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Helium Level** screen is a display-only screen used to monitor the dewar helium level and helium flow during helium transfers or to manually insert a new helium level.

#### Helium Level

Present level: 60% Metering Fill Rate: 0 % / Minute

Exit at: 19:35 [INCR/DECR]

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the **Helium Level** screen:

CTRL , 1 , 0

Control, Interactive Control, Fill Dewar

#### GPIB Equivalent

LEVEL?

#### **Display Items**

The following table information is displayed on this screen:

The Item	Displays	
Present Level	the level of the helium in the dewar as a percentage of full.	
Fill Rate	the rate of helium transfer into the dewar given as percent per minute.	
Exit at	the time remaining before the level sensors will turn off.	
	Note: This value may be changed by using the INCR or DECR keys.	

#### Level Display

- The level meter is automatically turned on when this screen is opened. Readings will be taken approximately every five seconds until the sensors are turned off.
- The level sensors are automatically turned off when this screen is exited.
- The dewar should be filled when it approaches a 60% level reading since this indicates that the helium level is just above the superconducting magnet and the dewar is nearly empty. <u>In general, the dewar should not be allowed to become completely empty.</u>

#### Related Topics

- · Level Sensor
- · Status System

#### Helium Level: Level Sensor

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Level Sensor** screen is used to set the parameters of the helium level sensor.

Level Sensor

Monitor Hourly :►Yes Current Level : 30% Preheat Time : 10 sec

(Voltage at 0% = 18.6 V)

[EXEC] to Execute

#### **GPIB** Equivalent

#### **LEVCNF**

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CONFIG

Configure, Level Sensor

#### Configuration **Items**

The following table describes each of the Level Sensor configuration items:

Menu Item	Allowed Values	Description
Monitor Hourly	•Yes •No	When <b>Yes</b> is selected, the sensor will measure the level on the hour. Otherwise, the sensor will only be activated when the <b>Helium Level</b> screen is opened.
Current Level	numeric, percent of full	Enter the current helium level. The level sensor is normally set to read zero when the helium level is at the top of the superconducting magnet in the dewar.
Preheat Time	numeric, seconds	This is the length of time that the sensor will warm before making the reading.

#### **Level Sensor** Calibration

Note: For accurate calibration, the calibration helium level should be less than about 50%. Also, due to the small voltages associated with level readings above 90%, the Model 6000 will not accept level sensor calibrations when the helium level is greater than 90%.

To calibrate the sensor: Enter the current helium level as percent of full. A voltage value will then be determined which corresponds to this level. The output voltage of the level sensor is zero when the helium level is at 100% (when the dewar is full) and the voltage increases linearly as the level drops. Therefore, the helium level may be calibrated by specifying the voltage at any specific level.

#### Related **Topics**

· Helium Level (Fill Dewar)

# IEEE-488 Setup (IEEE-488 Port)

### Description

The Model 6000 **IEEE-488 Setup** screen is used to set the parameters of the IEEE-488 port located on the Model 6000 rear panel.

IEEE-488 SETUP

Address: \*15
Send EOI: Yes
OUTPUT BUFFER MODE:

Send EOS No EOS Value 10

Append

Ignore REM line: Yes

[EXEC] to Execute

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CONFIG , :

#### Configure, IEEE-488 Setup

# Configuration Items

The following IEEE-488 Port configuration items may be set from this screen:

- · Address,
- Send EOI (End-Or-Identify),
- · Send EOS (End-Of-String),
- · EOS Value, and
- · Output Buffer Mode.

**Note:** Users not familiar with the IEEE protocol should refer to additional documentation.

#### Address

The **Address** specifies the bus address for this device. This value must be known by the control software and may have any value from 1 to 15 (15 is the default).

# Send EOI (End-Or-Identify)

The **Send EOI** (End-Or-Identify) is recommended for use with the IEEE interface. The default value is **Yes**.

# Send EOS (End-Of-String)

The **Send EOS** (End-Of-String) is a bolean flag that sends a specified character at the end of each string (see **EOS Value**). This may be either on (Yes) or off (No).

#### EOS Value

This is an ASCII value that will be appended to string values when **Send EOS** is selected (Yes). This may be an ASCII character that may range from 0 to 255.

# Output Buffer Mode

The **Output Buffer Mode** setting determines how the buffer will handle unanswered requests. The IEEE (and Model 6000) default value for this setting is **Overwrite**, in which unanswered requests are overwritten as new requests are received. The **Append** mode is provided as an added option for those users who may wish to use it. The PPMS Server option will automatically reconfigure this setup when the PPMS Control Panel Software is first opened.

# Related Topics

# **Immediate Operations**

# Description

The Model 6000 Immediate Operations menu is used to directly issue a system command.

	mmodia	te Operat	10110	
01:► Temp	06:	Bridge	11:	Measure
02: Field	07:	DigSet	12:	Link
03: Move	08:	DrvOut	13:	MagRst
04: Chamber	09:	ExtSet		
05: Comment	10:	SigOut		
			[ ] Sele	ect

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this menu:

CTRL , 3

# **Control, Immediate Operations**

GPIB	
Equivalent	

TEMP BRIDGE MEASURE
FIELD DIGSET LINK
MOVE DR VOUT MAGRST
CHAMBER EXTSET
COMMENT SIGOUT

# Menu Items

The following table explains each of the menu items found on this screen:

Select	In Order To
01: Temp	set the system temperature.
02: Field	set the magnetic field.
03: Move	move the sample positioner.
04: Chamber	perform a chamber operation (vent, seal, etc.).
05: Comment	place a comment into the data file.
06: Bridge	set bridge channel excitation currents, calibration modes, modes (AC/DC), and power limits.
07: DigSet	activate Model 6000 rear panel digital outputs
08: DrvOut	set either of the two driver output channels.
09: ExtSet	set either of the three external select lines.
10: SigOut	set the voltage output at the rear panel BNC connectors.
11: Measure	place specific system status information into the data file.
12: Link	link the rear panel BNC connectors to a system parameter.
13: MagRst	reset the magnet to release trapped flux.

# About **Immediate** Operations

Selection of an item listed in the Immediate Operations menu will open a corresponding entry screen that will allow you to specify the parameters of the command. This command will be issued immediately upon execution.

# Related **Topics**

- Temperature (Temp)
- Magnetic Field (Field)
- Move Positioner (Move)
- · Configure Sample Chamber
- Link BNC to Parameter (Link)
- Magnet Reset

- Set Driver Outputs (DrvOut)
- Set External Select Lines (ExtSet)
- · Set Voltage Output at BNC Connector (SigOut)
- Data File Measurement (Measure) Put Comment in Data File (Comment)
  - Setup Bridge Channel (Bridge)
  - Set Digital Outputs (DigOut)

# **Interactive Control**

# Description

The Model 6000 Interactive Control menu contains menu items that allow the user to perform various chamber and positioner, as well as other operations.

# Interactive Control

- ▶1. Seal Chamber
- 6. Move to Index
- 2.Purge & Seal
- 7. Move...
- 3.Vent & Seal
- 8. Shutdown Mode
- 4. Pump Continuous

- 9. Abort...
- 5. Vent Continuous
- 0. Fill Dewar...

# **GPIB** Equivalent

CHAMBER, MOVE, SHUTDOWN, ABORT, LEVEL?

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL , 1

# Control, Interactive Control

#### Menu Items

The following table explains each of the menu items found on this screen:

Select	In Order To
1. Seal Chamber	immediately seal the chamber in its present state.
2. Purge & Seal	pump and backfill the sample chamber for three cycles and then seal it closed.
3. Vent & Seal	vent the sample chamber with helium and then seal it closed.
4. Pump Continuous	pump on the sample chamber continuously until another chamber command is given.
5. Vent Continuous	allow helium from the dewar to flow into the sample chamber until another chamber command is given.
6. Move to Index	move the sample to the index position switch. The index switch is a fixed position in the sample tube.
7. Move	access the <b>Interactive Move Positioner</b> screen to define the sample position index.
8. Shutdown Mode	activate Shutdown Mode.
9. Abort	access the Selective Abort Operations menu.
0. Fill Dewar	access the Helium Level (Fill Dewar) screen.

## Chamber Commands

The **Chamber Commands** (items 1 through 5) will be performed immediately after the command is executed by selecting the menu item, either by pressing **ENTER** with the cursor at the item, or by keying in the item number.

<u>Note</u>: It is <u>NOT</u> necessary to press **ENTER** to invoke these commands when the menu item number has been keyed in.

#### Move To Index

The **Move to Index** command will be performed immediately after the command is executed by selecting the menu item.

# Shutdown Mode

**Shutdown Mode** is recommended whenever the PPMS system will be left unused for an extended period. This command places the temperature controller in standby mode: both drivers used to control the system temperature are turned off to minimize helium flow (and hence, helium consumption) and the magnet is placed in persistent mode.

# Related Topics

- · Interactive Move Positioner
- · Selective Abort Operations
- · Helium Level
- · Level Sensor
- Position Configuration
- · Sequence File Control
- · Sample Chamber

# Link BNC to Parameter: Overview

#### Introduction

The PPMS allows you to link a system parameter to one of the four Model 6000 rear panel Analog Output (BNC) jacks (labeled A1 through A4). This section explains how to create this link.

### Parameter Link Choices

The following is a list of each of the system parameters that may be linked using the Link command:

- TemperatureBridge Channel Resistance
- Magnetic FieldBridge Channel Current
- Sample PositionSignal Input VoltageSample Heater Power

- Sample Chamber Pressure
- Driver Channel Current/Power
- · Sample Heater Current

### About Linking Parameters

The Link to Parameter results in a voltage output at the Model 6000 rear panel BNC connectors labelled Analog Ouputs, A1 through A4. This output will correspond to the linked parameter value, according to your specification of zero- and ten-volt output values. In addition to the rear panel outputs, the front panel BNC connector shares the A1 output for operation convenience.

When a parameter is selected for the link, you are asked to specify a zero-volt value and a ten-volt value. These values will be used to report the parameter so, in general, the zero-volt value should correspond to the lower limit, and the ten-volt value to the higher limit, of the parameter. If **Value at +10V** and **Value at 0V** are equal, a zero reading will result.

**Example:** If the System Temperature is selected for the link, enter a value of 0 (zero) for the zero volt value, and 325 for the 10 volt value. This will ensure that the reported value will be within the range of the output.

The **Output Channel selection** remains active until the channel is turned **Off** or until a new link is specified for that channel.

# Using the Different Interfaces

The **Link** command is used to link a system parameter to the Model 6000 rear panel BNC jacks. This command is issued according to the interface option in use. The following table lists where specific information about this procedure is located:

If You Are Using Refer To Section		On Page
Model 6000 Menu System	Link BNC to Parameter: Using Model 6000	33
PPMS Control Panel	Link BNC to Parameter: Using PPMS Control Panel	35
GPIB	Appendix B: LINK	B-15

# Link BNC to Parameter: Using the Model 6000

In This Section This section describes how to link system parameters to the BNC connectors using the Model 6000 menu system.

Description

The Model 6000 Link BNC to Parameter screen is shown below:

Link BNC to Parameter

Output Channel ►: 1
Link to Parameter #: --off-Value at +10 V : 105
Value at 0 V : 0

[EXEC] to Execute (

Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL , 3 , 12

Control, Immediate Operations, 12: Link

**Entry Fields** 

The following table describes each of the entry fields of the Link BNC to Parameter screen:

The Entry Field	Specifies	Allowed Values
Output Channel	which Model 6000 rear panel BNC connector (A1 through A4) will contain this link.	1 to 4, off
Link to Parameter #	which parameter will be linked to the BNC connector.	Pressure Temperature Field Position Bridge#Res Bridge#Exc
Value at +10V	the parameter output value that corresponds to a BNC output of +10V.	numeric
Value at 0V	the parameter output value that corresponds to a BNC output of 0V.	numeric

# Linking a System Parameter

The following instructions explain how to link a system parameter to the Model 6000 rear panel BNC connectors.

- 1. Enter the Link BNC to Parameter screen (CTRL, 3, 12).
- Select the Output Channel (1 through 4, corresponding to A1 through A4, respectively) by placing
  the cursor in front of Output Channel and using the INCR or DECR key to increment the channel
  value.
- Press the down arrow key to advance to the Link Parameter # field and select the parameter to link by using the INCR or DECR key to scroll through the choices.
- Press the down arrow key again to set the Value at +10 V field, and use the number keys to key this
  value.
- 5. Set the Value at 0 V field using the same procedure.
- When you have verified that the values you have entered are correct, press the ALT and ENTER
  keys to execute this link.

Note: It is necessary to execute each channel link individually. Therefore, to link several channels, you will need to repeat these steps (1 through 6) for each channel.

# Link BNC to Parameter: Using the PPMS Control Panel

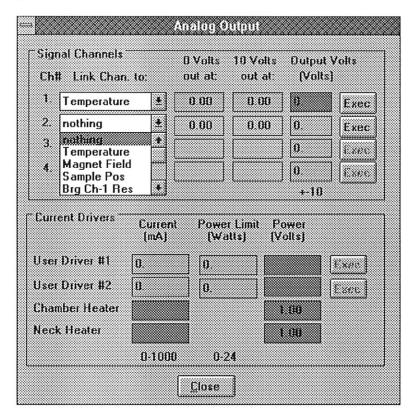
In This

This section describes how to link system parameters to the BNC connectors using the PPMS Control Panel.

Section

Description

The **Analog Output** panel of the PPMS Control Panel is used to link system parameters to the BNC connectors. This panel is shown below:



Opening the Analog Output Panel The Analog Output screen is opened by pressing the Analog Out button of the PPMS Control Panel.

### **Entry Fields**

Each channel is listed as a separate item. The following table describes each of the entry fields of the **Analog Output** panel:

Entry Field	Specifies	Allowed Values
Ch # (channel number)	which Model 6000 rear panel BNC connector (A1 through A4) will contain this link.	1 to 4
Link Channel to:	which parameter will be linked to the BNC connector.	Nothing Temperature Magnetic Field Sample Position Bridge#Res Bridge#Exc Signal Channel # Voltage Input Sample Heater Power Neck Heater Power
0 Volts out at:	the parameter output value that corresponds to a BNC output of 0 V.	numeric
10 Volts out at:	the parameter output value that corresponds to a BNC output of +10V.	numeric

The current output voltage will be displayed in the Output Volts field.

# Linking a System Parameter

The following instructions explain how to link a system parameter to the Model 6000 rear panel BNC connectors.

\*\*\* These are PPMS Control Panel Instructions\*\*\*

- 1. Open the **Analog Outputs** panel.
- 2. For each channel you want to link, select the Link-to parameter by pressing the down arrow button to the right of the entry field. An unlinked channel will display the word **nothing** in this field.
- 3. Press the tab key, or use the cursor, to advance to the **0 Volts out at:** field and key in (using your computer keyboard) the zero-volts value for the selected parameter.
- 4. Advance to the 10 Volts out at: field and enter this value.
- 5. Press the **Exec** button at the far right of the entry line. This button will be enabled when a link to parameter has been selected.

Once executed, the link will be immediately invoked. The output voltage will be displayed in the now-green **Output Volts** field.

# Magnet Control: Setting the Field, Overview

# **Introduction** The magnetic field of the PPMS may be set directly by the user, or may be programmed as part of a sequence file using either of the interface options.

# Magnetic Field Values

When setting the magnetic field, the <u>value of the magnetic field is not directly measured by the system;</u> the <u>current through the magnet coil</u> is set according to the particular magnet installed in your system. This method of field setting does not account for remanent fields that may be present in the magnet (depending upon the recent history of the magnet).

# Magnetic Field Parameters

The following table explains each of the magnetic field parameters you will be asked to specify:

The Item	Specifies	Allowed Values
Value	the target system field. Once executed, the system will attempt to set this field.	Depends on system magnet.†
Rate	The charging rate (oersted/second) of the magnetic field when ramping from the present value to the new target value.	Depends upon <b>B/I Ratio</b> , maximum charging voltage, and inductance of the system magnet <sup>†</sup> .
Approach	The process by which the magnet charges to the new field value.  Note: See Magnetic Field: Approach Mode for details of this parameter.	<ul><li>Linear</li><li>No Overshoot</li><li>Oscillate</li></ul>
Mode	The mode in which the magnet is to be left at the end of the charging process.  Note: See Magnetic Field: Mode for details of this parameter.	<ul><li>Persist</li><li>Drive</li></ul>

<sup>†</sup> The maximum magnetic field and charging rate depend upon the magnet configuration and are displayed in the Magnet Configuration menu of the Model 6000.

In addition to the entry fields, the magnet status code and current field value are displayed at the bottom of the screen.



# WARNING!

The potential for harming the equipment is very high when the helium level drops low enough to expose the superconducting magnet. An uncontrolled magnet quench can occur when the charged superconducting magnet is not completely immersed in liquid helium.

# For More Information

This section provides information about field approach modes, magnetic control operation modes, how to set the magnetic field, and the magnet quench option. Use the following table to locate the information you need:

For Information About	Refer to the Section	On Page
How to Set the Field Using the Model 6000	Magnet Control: Setting the Field, Model 6000	39
How to Set the Field Using the PPMS Control Panel	Magnet Control: Setting the Field, PPMS Control Panel	40
Magnet Approach Mode	Magnet Control: Approach Mode	41
Magnet Mode	Magnet Control: Mode	42
Magnet Reset Option	Magnet Control: Reset	43
Magnet Status Codes	Magnet Status Codes	44
GPIB Magnet Commands	Appendix B: MAGCNF, MAGCNF?	B-16,17

# Magnet Control: Setting the Field, Model 6000

In this section

This section describes how to set the magnetic field using the Model 6000 menu system.

# Description

The Model 6000 Set Magnetic Field screen is used to set the magnetic field:

Set Magnetic Field

Value : 1000 Oe

Rate : 10 Oe/sec

Approach : Oscillate

Mode : Persist Magnet

(Status: Persist 1000)

[EXEC] to Execute ( )

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Model 6000 **Set Magnetic Field** screen:

CTRL , 3, 02

Control, Immediate Operations, 02: Field

## How to Set the Magnetic Field

The following instructions explain how to set the magnetic field using the Model 6000 menu system:

- 1. Enter the **Set Magnetic Field** screen (**CTRL**, **3**, **02**).
- 2. Key in a field Value (in oersted). The allowed range will depend on the system magnet.
- 3. Press the down arrow key to advance to the **Rate** field.
- 4. Key in a **Rate** value (in oersted per second). This is the rate at which the system will change to the new field.
- 5. Press the down arrow to advance to the **Approach** field.
- 6. Use the **INCR** or **DECR** key to select an approach mode.
- 7. Advance to the **Mode** field and select a magnet mode.
- 8. Press the **ALT** and **ENTER** keys at the same time to execute this command. The magnet control system will invoke this field change immediately.

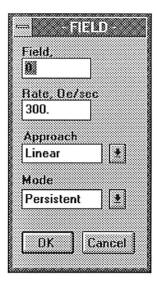
To exit without saving any changes, press the ESC key.

# Magnet Control: Setting the Field, PPMS Control Panel

In this section This section describes how to set the magnetic field using the PPMS Control Panel.

Description

The **Field** panel is used to set the magnetic field from the PPMS Control Panel:



# Opening the Field Panel

The **Field** panel is opened from the **Control Panel** of the PPMS Control Panel. The following instructions explain how to open this panel:

- From the PPMS Control Panel, place the cursor on the Field display. The cursor will change from an arrow to a hand.
- 2. Press the left mouse button once. The panel will now be opened.

<u>Note:</u> To open the **Field** panel with the cursor at a specific parameter, place the cursor on the parameter display of the **Control Panel** and click the mouse.

# How to Set the Magnetic Field

The following instructions explain how to set the magnetic field using the PPMS Control Panel:

- 1. Open the **Field** panel (see above).
- 2. Key in a field **Value** (in oersted). The allowed range will depend on the system magnet.
- Press the Tab key to advance to the Rate field.
- 4. Key in a **Rate** value (in oersted per second). This is the rate at which the system will change to the new field.
- 5. Press the **Tab** key to advance to the **Approach** field.
- 6. Press the down arrow button to display the approach modes. Select an approach mode by placing the cursor on the mode and clicking the mouse.
- 7. Advance to the **Mode** field and select a magnet mode using the same technique as above.
- 8. Press the **OK** button to execute this command. The magnet control system will invoke this field change immediately.

To exit without saving any changes, press the **Cancel** button.

# Magnet Control: Approach Mode

# Description

The **Magnet Approach Mode** determines the final approach used by the system to reach the target magnetic field.

# Magnet Approach Mode

The PPMS Magnet Control System follows a specific algorithm to reach a set point (target) field value. When the magnet is charging to this value, the **Approach Mode** determines how the field is approached. Once the field is near the target value, an iterative process is used that sets the magnet <u>current</u> to the value that corresponds the requested magnetic <u>field</u>. This current is set within the limitations of the PPMS hardware: approximately 1 milliamp for currents above 5 amps, and about 100 microamps for currents below 5 amps with High Resolution enabled.

## Approach Mode Definitions

The following table describes each of the magnet **Approach Modes** used during the magnet field charging process:

Approach Mode	Description
Linear	The field approaches the target value at the rate specified by the <b>Rate</b> parameter. The charging rate is fixed throughout the field change, the iterative approach process described above is not used.
No Overshoot	The field value is approached by discrete steps small enough to ensure that the target value is never exceeded. The specified <b>Rate</b> will be used to the extent possible when field change steps are large enough to produce the charging voltage required to satisfy the <b>Rate</b> .
Oscillate	The target value is approached by a series of oscillations with successively decreasing amplitude.  Note: If magnetic hysteretic effects are important in the sample to be measured, this mode should not be used.

# Using Linear Mode

Since the iterative approach process is not used to reach the target value when the Linear Approach
Mode is used, the final field will not be precise as compared to other approach modes.

# Using No Overshoot Mode

. The No Overshoot mode should be used if magnetic hysteretic effects will degrade the experiment.

### Using Oscillate Mode

- The **Oscillate** approach mode is designed to minimize flux movement in the superconducting magnet after the final field value has been reached.
- The Oscillate approach eliminates most of the magnetic relaxation effects normally found in superconducting magnets and makes it possible to achieve a very stable magnetic field large, even after large changes in magnetic field.
- If magnetic hysteretic effects may degrade the experiment or affect the sample, the Oscillate mode should not be used.

# Magnet Control: Mode

# Description

The Magnet Mode specifies the mode in which the magnet is to be left at the end of the charging process.

### Magnet Mode Definitions

The following table describes each of the Magnet Modes available on the PPMS:

Magnet Mode	Description
Persist	The magnet is placed in persistent mode, with the persistent switch heater and magnet power supply turned off, placing the magnet's persistent switch in the persistent (superconducting) state. The magnet power supply unit is turned off.
Drive	The magnet current is continuously supplied by the magnet power supply. The persistent switch remains open (switch heater on) and the current through the superconducting magnet is provided directly by the power supply.

#### **Persist Mode**

• The **Persist** mode will provide the most stable magnetic field available.

### **Drive Mode**

- In **Drive** mode, 60 Hz ripple and low frequency drifts in the magnet power supply will contribute to fluctuations in the magnetic field.
- The **Drive** mode allows the magnetic field to change much more rapidly than when using Persist Mode.
   Therefore, this mode is recommended for situations in which frequent and brief field changes will be required.
- Drive mode is not recommended for samples that are field hysteretic.

# **Magnet Control: Magnet Reset**

# Description

The Model 6000 **Magnet Reset** screen is used to quench the superconducting magnet coil. The **Reset** heater is a PPMS option.

Magnet Reset

Drive to Field:▶ Oe

Rate : Oe/sec

[EXEC] to Execute ( )

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL , 3 , 13

Control, Immediate Operations, 13: MagRst

# **Entry Fields**

The following table describes the two entry fields of the **Magnet Reset** screen that specify the parameters of the magnet quench:

The Entry Field	Determines	
Drive to Field	the field (oersted) to which the system will drive the magnet before initiating the reset (turning on the reset heater).  Note: The reset will begin when the field is within 10 oersted of the Drive to Field	
Rate	the rate (oersted per second) at which the system will be driven to the  Drive to Field value.	

# Magnet Reset

The **Magnet Reset** is an option which allows the user to purge the system magnet of trapped magnetic flux, restoring it to a state similar to that achieved when the magnet is first cooled down. Although trapped flux may be insignificant at high field values it can become more significant at low field values.

# **Magnet Status Codes**

# Description

The **Magnet Status Code** is displayed on the Model 6000 **Status - System** and **Set Magnetic Field** screens, and on the PPMS Control Panel. The status code indicates the present state of the magnet control system.

# Code Definitions

The following table provides the meaning of each of the magnet status codes.

Magnet Status Code		
Model 6000	PPMS Control Panel	Meaning
Charging	Charging	Magnet is Charging
Charging	Discharging	Magnet is Discharging
Chrg Err	Chrg Err	Magnet Charging Error
Curr Err	Curr Err	Incorrect current in magnet
Failure	Failure	General Magnet Failure
Holding	Holding	Holding Magnetic Field; Driven mode
Iterate	Iterate	Iterating; Driven mode
Persist	Persist	Persistent Mode
PSU Err	PSU Error	Power Supply Error
SW-Cool	SW-Cool	Persist Switch Cooling
SW-Warm	SW-Warm	Persist Switch Warming
SWTC Err	SWTC Err	Persist Switch Error
Quench	Quench	Uncontrolled Magnet Quenching (Reset)
Unknown		Unknown Error

# About Failure Status

**Failure** status will result from a hardware failure. If the **Failure** status persists, contact Quantum Design with details of the system operation prior to the failure.

# Model 6000 Front Panel

# Description

The Model 6000 Front Panel display and key pad may be used to control most aspects of the PPMS. The front panel features and keys are described below.

# Key Groups Overview

The Model 6000 provides a display screen, entry keys, and a BNC output jack. For the purpose of explanation, the keys are grouped according to function. The following table provides a summary of the use of these keys:

Key Group	Is Used To	
Menu	access the top-level menus (Status, Control, Files, and Config).	
Arrows	move the cursor (with the arrow <b>D</b> ) and to increase (or decrease) entry values ( <b>INCR</b> or <b>DECR</b> ).	
Number	to enter number values for entry fields or to select numbered menu items. Also to <b>ABORT</b> system operation or to place the system into <b>LOCAL</b> mode.	

# **Display Items**

The Model 6000 front panel, in addition to the main display screen, includes **Remote** and **Error** display lights. These will light when the system is in **Remote** mode or when an error condition exists.

# Model 6000 Front Panel: Using the Keys

# Description

In this section, the use of the Model 6000 is explained. It is recommended that this section be read before using the Model 6000 front panel. For additional information and a tutorial, refer to Chapter Two: An Example Measurement.

# Using the Menu Keys

The **Menu Keys** are located to the left of the display screen. Press any of these keys to immediately display the corresponding top-level menu. The top-level menu will be displayed regardless of the current display screen. This feature allows the user to access any screen by using the same key sequence.

**Example 1:** In order to display the **Status-Bridge** screen at any time, press the **STATUS** key three times from anywhere in the Model 6000 menu system.

**Example 2:** If you are in the third-level Setup Bridge Channel screen, and want to look at the **Helium Level** screen, press the following key sequence:

CTRL , 1 , 0

To select CONTROL, 1. Interactive Control, and Fill Dewar.

# Using the Arrow Keys

The **Arrow Keys** are used to move the cursor around on the screen, to increase or decrease entry values, or to toggle through entry choices (**INCR** or **DECR** keys only).

The **ALT** key is used to accelerate any of the other Arrow keys. Therefore, when any of the Up, Down, Left, or Right arrows are pressed with the **ALT** key, the cursor will move faster or the entry value will change faster. Similarly, if **ALT** and **INCR** are pressed together (or **ALT** and **DECR**) the entry value will change in larger increments (increments equivalent to one eighth of the total value range).

# Using Enter, Execute, and Escape

To the right of the arrow keys are the **ESC** and **ENTER** keys. The **ENTER** key also acts as the **EXECUTE** key by pressing **ALT** and **ENTER** together. The following table explains the use of each of these commands:

Use the Key	In Order To
ENTER	activate an entry that does not require the <b>Execute</b> command. This is primarily used for menu item selection.
EXECUTE [EXEC]	Execute a command, configuration setting, or another entry that requires the Execute command. Screens that require the Execute command will have the line "[EXEC] to execute" along the bottom. Changes made to these screens without execution will not be implemented.
ESC	leave a screen or entry value without affecting any change.

# Using the Number Keys

To use number keys, key in a number value and press the **Enter** key. In addition to the ten digits, this key pad also includes a decimal (.) and a plus/minus (+/-) key.

When the decimal key is pressed with the **ALT** key, **LOCAL** mode will be activated (the system will be taken out of **Remote** mode).

When the plus/minus key is pressed with the **ALT** key, the **ABORT** command is issued and all system operations are immediately terminated.

# Pressure Sensor

### Description

The Model 6000 **Pressure Sensor** screen is used to specify the sensor type and units of measurement for an external pressure gauge.

Pressure Sensor

Sensor :► Baratron
Units : Mictrons
Units/V : 10.0

[EXEC] to Execute

### Using a Pressure Sensor

The PPMS is designed to allow the user to connect an external pressure gauge to the system. This Sensor output may be directed to one of the Model 6000 rear panel BNC connectors by using the **LINK** command (see **Link BNC to Parameter**).

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Model 6000 **Pressure Sensor** screen:

CONFIG , 6 , 4

Configure, Hardware, Pressure Sensor

# Configuration Items

The following table describes each of the items set from the Model 6000 Pressure Sensor screen.

Menu Item	Allowed Values	Description
Sensor	•Baratron •Pirani •Internal	This is the type of external pressure gauge that you have connected to the Model 6000 rear panel <b>Pressure</b> port.
Units	•Microns •Pascals •Bars •mm Hg •Torr	These are the units used to report the sensor pressure. Since the sensor will actually be reporting a calibrated voltage change, this value is for display purposes only.
Units/V	numeric	This is the value of <b>Units</b> that corresponds to one volt of change.

# About Sensor Settings

- When using a Pirani (or any non-Baratron) sensor, the Units/V field will read Table and the user must
  manually load a conversion table by using the GPIB TABLE command.
- When a Baratron sensor is selected, the Model 6000 will automatically create a conversion table based on the value entered in the Units/V field.
- If Baratron is entered after a Pirani sensor has been in place, the Pirani table will be overwritten.
- · When either sensor is selected, the pressure will be displayed in the Status screen.

# Related Topics

- · Status Other
- · Link BNC to Parameter
- · Appendix B: GPIB TABLE command

#### **Pressure Sensor**

# Sample Chamber: Commands

#### Introduction

The sample chamber may be vented, purged, or sealed from either of the PPMS interfaces. This section explains how to configure the sample chamber using the Model 6000 menu system and the PPMS Control Panel.

# Chamber Commands

The following table explains each of the sample chamber commands:

Chamber Menu Item			
Model 6000	PPMS Control Panel	In Order To	
1. Seal Chamber	Seal	immediately seal the sample chamber in its present state.	
2. Purge & Seal	Purge/Seal	cause the system to pump and backfill the sample chamber for three cycles and then seal it closed.	
3. Vent & Seal	Vent/Seal	vent the sample chamber with helium and then seal it closed.	
4. Pump Continuous	Evac	pump on the sample chamber continuously until another chamber command is given.	
5. Vent Continuous	Vent	allow helium from the dewar to flow into the sample chamber until another chamber command is given.	

### Caution

The system temperature should always be near room temperature (275 to 300 K) before venting the sample chamber. This will prevent condensation from forming inside the chamber. Condensation can introduce foreign particles into the system, which will ultimately cause the impedance tube to become blocked, resulting in temperature control failure or other problems.

# About Chamber Commands

**Chamber Commands** are performed immediately after the command is executed by selecting the menu item and pressing **ALT** and **ENTER** (Model 6000), or by pressing the command button (PPMS Control Panel).

# More Information

Specific information on using the chamber commands with the different interfaces is provided in the following sections:

For Information About	Refer to Section	On Page
Using the Model 6000	Sample Chamber: Commands, Model 6000	49
Using the PPMS Control Panel	Sample Chamber: Commands, PPMS Control Panel	50
Using GPIB	Appendix B: CHAMBER	B-4
Sample Chamber Status Codes	Sample Chamber: Status Codes	51

# Sample Chamber: Commands, Model 6000

# In This Section

This section describes how to perform sample chamber operations using the Model 6000 Menu System.

# Description

The Model 6000 **Configure Sample Chamber** screen is used to perform sample chamber operations. The selection items on this screen are identical to those on the Model 6000 Interactive Control menu and the PPMS Control Panel.

Configure Sample Chamber
Select Configuration: 1
1. Seal Chamber
2. Purge & Seal
3. Vent & Seal
4. Pump continuous
5. Vent Continuous

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Access this screen by pressing the following keys:

[EXEC] to execute (

CTRL | , 3 , 04

Control, Immediate Operations, 04: Chamber

# Performing Sample Chamber Operations

The following instructions explain how to perform any of the five chamber operations:

<u>Caution</u>: The system temperature should always be near room temperature (275 to 300 K) before venting the sample chamber.

- 1. Enter the Configure Sample Chamber screen (CTRL, 3, 04).
- 2. Key in the number of the command you want performed.
- Press ALT and ENTER to execute the command. The chamber operation will be performed immediately.

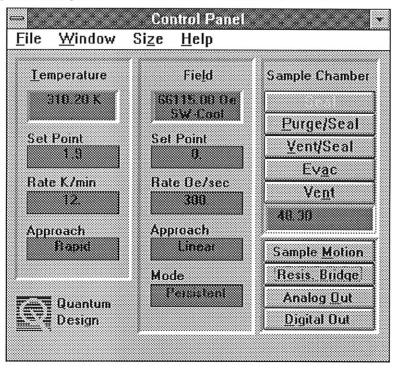
# Sample Chamber: Commands, PPMS Control Panel

In This Section

This section describes how to perform sample chamber operations using the PPMS Control Panel.

Description

Sample Chamber operations are performed from the PPMS Control Panel, shown below:



Performing Sample Chamber Operations The following instructions explain how to perform any of the five chamber operations:

<u>Caution</u>: The system temperature should always be near room temperature (275 to 300 K) before venting the sample chamber.

- 1. Open the **PPMS Control Panel**.
- Press the button that corresponds to the command you want performed. The chamber peration will be performed immediately.

# Sample Chamber: Status Codes

Description	The Sample Chamber Status Code indicates the present state of the sample chamber.		
Display	The <b>Chamber Status Codes</b> are displayed on the Model 6000 <b>Status - System</b> screen and on the PPMS Control Panel to report the current state of the system sample chamber.		
GPIB Equivalent	The GPIB CHAMBER? command may be used to obtain the sample chamber status.		
Code Definitions	During normal operation, the sample chamber will cycle through various states. The following table explains each of the <b>Chamber Status</b> codes:		

Status Code	Meaning
Failure	General chamber failure
Flooding	Chamber is being vented continuously
Pumping	Chamber is being pumped continuously
Purged	Chamber is purged
Purging	Purging in "Evacuate & Seal" process
Sealed	Chamber is sealed
Vented	Chamber is vented
Venting	Venting in "Vent & Seal" process

# About Failure Status

**Failure** status will usually result when the chamber status is in an unknown state. This status may be resolved by sending any **Chamber** command (seal, purge, vent, etc.) or by **Aborting** the **Chamber Ops**.

# Related Topics

- · Status System
- · Interactive Control
- · Configure Sample Chamber
- · Selective Abort Operations

# Sample Motion: Overview

### Introduction

The Sample Positioners are PPMS options that either rotate the sample on a vertical axis or move the sample longitudinally within the sample space. This section explains how to configure and use the sample positioner. (Note: this is different from the ACMS Option positioner.)

# About using the Sample Positioner

In order to use the positioner you will need to enter Position Configuration information into the Model 6000. Sample positioning commands may then be issued from either the Model 6000 or from the PPMS Control Panel.

# Sample Motion Parameters

Once the positioner is installed and configured, the following parameters will be used to move the sample:

Select	To Specify	Allowed Values
Position	the position to which you want the sample moved.  Note: The units for this field are set from the Position Configuration menu.	depends on Range set in Position Configuration and on positioner type.
Mode	how the sample is to be repositioned.  Note: See below.	<ul><li>Normal</li><li>Move to Index</li><li>Define Current Position</li></ul>
Reduction Factor	the rate of motion; zero is fastest, 14 is slowest.	0 to 14
Now at:	the current sample position.	display only

# Mode Definitions

The following table explains each of the three **Positioner Modes**:

Mode	What It Does	Example
Normal	Moves the sample to the specified  Position with respect to the present (Now at:) position.	If the sample is currently at 10° and the <b>Position</b> is set to 15°, the sample will be moved to 25° (10 + 15).
Move to Index	Moves the sample to the index switch.	The sample will be moved to the fixed index switch position on the positioner.
Define Current Position	Redefines the present location of the sample according to your specifications.	If the sample is presently at 5° and you want this position to be called 0°, set the <b>Position</b> to zero, and the <b>Mode</b> to Define Current Position.

# Index and Limit Switches

The following table explains the Index and Limit switches of the sample positioner:

Switch	Definition
Index	The calibrated "zero" position. This is a hardware switch located on the positioner unit. When calibrated, a rotator will have the Index at the zero degree position.
Limit	The "upper limit" position. This is a defined limit that applies to non-rotational positioner systems. On a linear positioner, for example, this switch would be 12 cm above the index.

# Specific Information

Specific information on the use of the Sample Positioner is provided in the following sections:

For Information About	Refer to Section	On Page
Configuring the Sample Positioner	Sample Motion: Configuration	54
Using the Sample Positioner with the Model 6000	Sample Motion: Model 6000	55
Using the Sample Positioner with the PPMS Control Panel	Sample Motion: PPMS Control Panel	57
GPIB	Appendix B: MOVE?, MOVECFG, MOVE LIM?	B-16,17

# Sample Motion: Configuration

In This Section This section explains how to configure the PPMS Sample Positioner option using the Model 6000 menu system.

Description

The Model 6000 **Position Configuration** screen is used to define the units and range of motion of the sample positioner.

Position Configuration

Units : ▶ Deg Units/Step : 1.0 Range : 360.00

[EXEC] to Execute

Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Position Configuration screen:

CONFIG , 6 , 3

Configure, Hardware, Position Configuration

Configuration Items

The following table describes each of the items that are set from the **Position Configuration** screen:

Item	Allowed Values	Description
Units	<ul> <li>Degrees</li> <li>Inches</li> <li>Mils</li> <li>Millimeters</li> <li>Radians</li> <li>Centimeters</li> <li>User-Defined</li> </ul>	These are the units that will be used to report the sample position. The appropriate selection will depend on the configuration of the sample positioner.
Units/Step	numeric	This value determines the unit distance (as defined above) that the sample will be moved for each step of motion.
Range	numeric	This is the maximum distance over which the sample may be moved.  Note: The Range is not the same as the Limit. The Limit is a hardware switch, which the positioner cannot pass. The Range is a software setting.
Enable Index Switch	Yes     No (default)	When <b>Yes</b> is selected for this field, the <b>Index</b> switch becomes a hard limit for the positioner and the sample may not be moved beyond (below) the <b>Index</b> position.

# Sample Motion: Model 6000, Move Positioner

### In This Section

Once the sample positioner has been installed and configured, the sample may be moved using the Model 6000 menu system or the PPMS Control Panel. This section explains how to use the Model 6000 menu system to control sample motion.

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Move Positioner** screen is used to move the sample within the sample chamber using the Sample Motion option.

```
Move Positioner

Position: ▶0.000 Deg

Mode: Normal

Reduction Factor: 00

(Now at: .00 Deg)

[EXEC] to Execute ( )
```

# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL , 3 , 03

Control, Immediate Operations, 03: Move

# Moving the Sample

The use of this feature will depend upon the type of positioner in use on your system. The following instructions are based on a sample rotator:

- 1. Configure the rotator from the **Position Configuration** menu. The configuration process should be performed each time the rotator is installed.
- 2. Enter the **Move Positioner** screen (CTRL, 3, 3).
- 3. Key in a value for **Position**. Note that the current position is displayed in the bottom **Now at:** field. The allowed range for this field will depend upon that set in the **Position Configuration** screen.
- 4. Enter a Mode value. This value is selected by pressing the INCR or DECR keys to toggle through each of the three modes. To move the sample to a new position, select Normal. See Sample Motion: Mode for details about this field.
- 5. Enter a **Reduction Factor** value by using the number keys or the **INCR/DECR** keys.
- 6. Press **ALT** and **ENTER** to execute this command set. Sample motion will begin immediately.

# Sample Motion: Model 6000, Interactive Move Positioner

In This Section

This section explains the use of the Model 6000 Interactive Move Positioner screen.

Description

The Model 6000 Interactive Move Positioner menu is used to control the PPMS sample positioner option.

Interactive Move Positioner

Current Position: 0.000 Deg

: 0.000 Deg = 0 steps

Use ALT, INCR, DECR keys

Model 6000 Keystrokes Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL | , 1 , 7

Control, Interactive Control, 7. Move

# **Display Items**

The Interactive Move Positioner screen displays the following information:

The Item	Displays	
Current Position (units)	the position of the sample positioner in specific units.	
Steps	the position of the sample positioner in steps. The number of units per step is set from the <b>Position Configuration</b> screen.	
Index/Limit	when the positioner is at the <b>Index</b> or <b>Limit</b> switch by displaying the corresponding word.	
	Note: Both the <b>Index</b> and <b>Limit</b> words will be displayed to indicate an error condition, such as an improperly installed positioner.	

Moving the Sample Positioner

This screen allows you to move the positioner in incremental steps, rather than by indicating a **Move to** value. Press the **INCR** or **DECR** key to move the positioner one step at a time. Press the **ALT** key and the **INCR** or **DECR** key to move the positioner at a rate of 15 steps at a time.

# Related Topics

- · Interactive Control /Move to Index
- · Move Positioner
- · Position Configuration

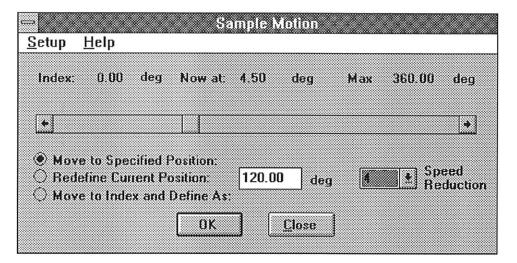
# Sample Motion: PPMS Control Panel

# In This Section

Once the sample positioner has been installed and configured, the sample may be moved using the Model 6000 menu system or the PPMS Control Panel. This section explains how to use the PPMS Control Panel to control sample motion.

#### Description

The PPMS Control Panel Sample Motion panel is used to move the sample within the sample chamber using the Sample Motion option.



# Opening the Sample Motion Panel

The Sample Motion screen is opened by pressing the **Sample Motion** button located on the bottom right of the PPMS Control Panel.

# Moving the Sample

The use of this feature will depend upon the type of positioner in use on your system. The following instructions are based on a sample rotator:

- 1. Configure the rotator from the Model 6000 **Position Configuration** menu. The configuration process should be performed each time the rotator is installed.
- 2. Open the **Sample Motion** panel (see above).
- 3. Select **Move to Specified Position** by placing the cursor on the selection circle and clicking the left mouse button once. The selected circle will be filled in.
- 4. Place the cursor in the box to the right of the **Move to Specified Position** space. This box will have the configured units displayed to the right of the entry field. (See diagram above.)
- Select a Speed Reduction value by pressing the down arrow button next to the Speed Reduction box.
- 6. Press **OK** to execute this command set. Sample motion will begin immediately.

# Moving the Sample, Alternate Method

In addition to the procedure described above, the sample may be moved by using the sliding bar of the Sample Motion panel. Simply place the cursor on the sliding bar button and press the left mouse button. Hold the mouse button down and drag the slider to move the sample positioner. The blue lines above and below the slider bar indicate the actual position of the sample and the button is placed at the target value. The **Now at:** display will show where the sample is in the configured units.

# Sequence Files: Overview

Introduction	This section describes sequence files and their use. The first section provides an overview of sequence files followed by specific instructions for creating, editing, and running the sequence.	
What is a Sequence File?	A <b>sequence file</b> is a command file that contains one or more instructions for the system to carry out. It can be written to incorporate PPMS options such as the AC Measurement Option as well as other external devices. By using a sequence file, the PPMS will perform all instructions automatically and systematically, according to your commands.	
Why Use a Sequence File?	Sequence files allow the user to specify explicit instructions to be performed in a set order, providing consistent sample processing and automated operation. Once the sequence is written, the PPMS will automatically process the commands, freeing the experimenter to perform other tasks.	
Writing a Sequence	The sequence file is written using either the Model 6000 or the PPMS Control Panel. The sequence file commands are the same as those used for routine PPMS operation.	
More	For additional information on writing and using sequence files, refer to the following sections of this and 1	

### More Information

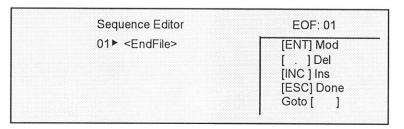
For additional information on writing and using sequence files, refer to the following sections of this manual:

For Information About	Refer to the Section	On Page
writing a sequence using the Model 6000	Sequence Files: Writing a Sequence Using the Model 6000	59
writing a sequence using the PPMS Control Panel	Sequence Files: Writing a Sequence Using the PPMS Control Panel	60
an example of how to write a sequence	Sequence Files: Example	63
running a sequence using the Model 6000	Sequence Files: Running Sequences Using the Model 6000	66
running a sequence using the PPMS Control Panel	Sequence Files: Running Sequences Using the PPMS Control Panel	68
GPIB sequence control	Appendix B: SEQCTRL	

# Sequence Files: Writing a Sequence Using the Model 6000

# Description

The Model 6000 **Sequence Editor** screen is used to create and edit a sequence for use with the PPMS.



# Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the **Sequence Editor** screen:



File Utilities, Build/Edit Sequence File

### Selection Items

The following table describes each of the selection items found on the **Sequence Editor** screen:

Select	In Order To
ENTER	modify an existing command line.
. (decimal)	delete the selected command line.
INC (INCR)	insert a command at the selected line.
ESC	leave the editor screen.
Line Number	go to the specified line number.

# Creating a New Sequence

In order to create a new sequence, erase the current sequence file (see above) and press the **INCR** key to insert the first line. The command listing will be displayed, from which you may select a specific system command and related parameters.

# Editing a Sequence Line

To change an existing sequence line, move the cursor (using the arrow keys) to the line to be edited. Press the **ENTER** key to modify the command parameters.

To delete a sequence line, place the cursor on the selected line and press the". " (decimal) key.

To insert a command line, place the cursor on the line <u>before</u> the new command and press the **INCR** key. When **Insert** is selected, the sequence command listing will be displayed and the new command should be specified as usual.

# Viewing Command Parameters

A summary of specific command parameters will be displayed on each command line of the sequence file. However, the **Modify** command can be used to view the details of the selected command line. This is done by selecting the command line and pressing **Enter**. The parameters of the command will be displayed. Press **ESC** to leave the screen without saving any changes.

# Erasing a Sequence File

In order to erase the current sequence file, use the Erase Sequence File screen (FILE, 2).

# Sequence Files: Writing a Sequence Using the PPMS Control Panel

In This Section	This section explains how to use the <b>Editor</b> to create and edit a sequence for use with the PPMS.
Opening the Editor Panel	The <b>Editor</b> panel is opened from any of the PPMS Control Panel panels. Simply open the <b>Window</b> menu and select <b>Editor</b> .
Description	The <b>Editor</b> panel is shown below. This screen provides a display of the current sequence file (left side) and a command listing on the right.

PPMS Editor - untitled.seq <u>File</u> Window Help Advise Madify Сору Cut Paste Веер FIELD 1000.00 Oe 300.00 Oe/sec Linear Persisto SCANC 3600 3600 Number of StepsSpacing SCANT 50.00 1.90 12.00 2 Number of StepsSp END Scan **Bridge Config** Chamber State Comment DataFile Digital Output MEASURE ZZOSIA **Driver Output** END Scan **External Select END of Sequence** Field Set Measure Move Sample Move to Index Remark Scan Time Scan Fields Scan Position Shutdown Signal Output Synchronize Temperature Set Wait for Condition Exptain Commands

# Action Buttons

Along the top of the displayed file, there are four action buttons which are used to edit the file. The following table describes each of these buttons:

Press	In Order To
Modify	modify the highlighted command line.
Сору	copy the highlighted command line.
Cut	remove the highlighted command line.
Paste	paste an item which was selected using copy or cut at the current line.

# Creating a New Sequence

The following instructions explain how to create a new sequence using the PPMS Editor:

- 1. Enter the **Editor** screen of the PPMS Control Panel (see above).
- 2. Open the File menu and select New.
- 3. Place the cursor on a command from the command list on the right side of the screen.

Note: For an explanation of commands, select **Explain Commands** at the bottom of the panel. This will result in a display of information about the highlighted command. This feature may be selected or deselected at any time.

- 4. Double-click the command to open the command information screen. This screen is used to enter the various parameters about the selected command.
- 5. When you are done entering the command parameters, press the **OK** button to place the command in the sequence, or press **Cancel** to continue without saving this command.
- 6. Select the next command and repeat this process until you have entered all of your commands.

### Using Cut, Copy, and Paste

When editing or creating a sequence file, it is convenient to be able to move or copy one or more lines to a different part of the file. The **Copy**, **Cut**, and **Paste** buttons are used to do this. The following table explains the use of these buttons:

Action Button	How to Use It
Сору	<ol> <li>Highlight the line to be copied and press the copy button.</li> <li>Move the cursor to the line where you want the copied line to appear.</li> <li>Press Paste and the copied line will be inserted above the line you have selected.</li> </ol>
Cut (or move)	<ol> <li>Highlight the line you want to cut and press the <b>Cut</b> button.</li> <li>The highlighted line will be removed.</li> <li>To place the cut line in a new position, move the cursor to the new position and press the <b>Paste</b> button. The cut line will be inserted above the line you have selected.</li> </ol>
Paste	The <b>Paste</b> button is used only with the <b>Cut</b> and <b>Copy</b> buttons as described above. Paste will always insert the pasted line above the current line.

<u>Note</u>: To select multiple, sequential lines for **Cut** or **Copy**, press the **Shift** key while holding down the left mouse button. This will allow you to select several lines at a time. To deselect these lines, click on any line without holding down the shift key.

# Editing a Sequence Line

To change an existing sequence line, move the cursor (using the arrow keys) to the line to be edited. Press the Modify button to display the command parameters.

To delete a sequence line, place the cursor on the selected line and press the **Cut** button.

To insert a command line, place the cursor on the line after the new command and select the command from the command listing.

Viewing Command Parameters	A summary of specific command parameters will be displayed on each command line of the sequence file. For additional information, the <b>Modify</b> command can be used to view the details of the selected command line. This is done by highlighting the command line and pressing <b>Enter</b> . The parameters of the command will be displayed. Press <b>ESC</b> to exit the screen without making any changes.
Saving a Sequence File	To save the sequence file, select <b>Save</b> or <b>Save As</b> from the <b>File</b> menu of the <b>Sequence File Editor</b> panel. The file name may be up to eight characters and will have the suffix ".SEQ".
Erasing a Sequence File	The sequence file is stored just like any other file on the host computer. To erase a file use the DOS "DEL" command.

## Sequence Editor: Example

#### Description

This example demonstrates how to write a sequence file. For general information about writing sequence files, refer to the previous section.

#### Erasing a Sequence File

If you are using the Model 6000 to write a new sequence file, it may be necessary to delete or clear an existing file. This is done by the following procedure:

Step	Command	Key Sequence	
1	Enter the Erase Sequence File screen.	FILE , 2	
2	Press <b>Execute</b> to erase the file.	ALT + ENTER	

#### Writing a New Sequence File

The following steps will demonstrate how a simple sequence file is written. Commands are provided for the Model 6000 menu system.

Step	Procedure	Model 6000 Keystrokes
1	Enter the Sequence Editor screen. FILE , 1	
2	Press Insert to add a line to the file.	INCR (insert)
3	Select <b>Temp</b> to set the system temperature.	
4	Set the following temperature parameters:  Temp: 250 K  Rate: 10 K/min  Approach: Fast Settle	250, ENTER , ▼  10, ENTER , ▼  INCR , INCR
5	Execute the temperature command to return to the editor screen.	ALT + ENTER
6	Press <b>Insert</b> to add another line to the file	INCR
7	Select Field to set the magnetic field.	
8	Set the following magnetic field parameters:  • Field: 2000 Oe  • Rate: 10 Oe/min  • Approach: No Overshoot	2000, ENTER , ▼  10, ENTER , ▼  INCR , INCR
9	Execute the field command to return to the editor screen.	ALT + ENTER
10	Exit the editor screen.	ESC

#### Editing an Existing Sequence File

The following instructions demonstrate how to edit an existing sequence. This example uses the file that was written in the previous example.

Step	Command	Key Sequence	
1	Enter the <b>Sequence Editor</b> screen.	FILE , 1	
2	Move the cursor to line 2. This should be the line having the <b>FIELD</b> command.	▼ ,▼	
3	Press the <b>ENTER</b> key to <b>Modify</b> the line.	ENTER	
4	Change the Approach Mode to Oscillate	▼,▼, INCR, INCR	
5	Execute the <b>Field</b> command to return to the editor screen.	ALT + ENTER	
6	Move the cursor up to line 1. This should be the line with the <b>TEMP</b> command.	<b>A</b>	
7	Press <b>Insert</b> to add a new line to the file after the <b>TEMP</b> command.	INCR	
8	Select the command <b>WaitFor</b> and press <b>ENTER</b> .	, ENTER	
9	Select <b>Temperature</b> from the <b>WaitFor</b> screen. This will cause the system to wait until the temperature is stable before continuing to the next command.		
10	Press <b>Execute</b> to return to the editor screen.	ALT + ENTER	

#### Sequence Commands

The following table lists the commands that may be placed into a sequence file. Some commands are straight-forward and are discussed more fully in other sections of this manual (e.g., Temp, Field, etc.), however, the following commands are only used within sequences:

Command	Purpose	
WaitFor	Causes the system to wait until the specified control system (temperature, field, etc.) is stable before continuing to the next command line.	
Scan	Scan commands work similarly to programming "Do" loops. The command will allow you to designate a starting and ending value, as well as step increments.  Additional commands may also be placed inside the Scan loop by using the Insert command. There are four Scan commands on the PPMS:  ScanC: Chronological (time) scan ScanH: Magnetic Field scan ScanP: Pressure scan ScanT: Temperature scan	
Веер	This command will cause the system to sound a tone (at your specified frequency and duration) when the command line is executed.	
Advise	The <b>Advise</b> command is used to alert the system (or operator) when a specific line of the sequence has been reached. This command may also used (with the ACDC-Mag software) to invoke ACMS measurements.	
Sync	This command is used to synchronize external hardware to the Model 6000.	

- · File Utilities
- · Erase Sequence File
- Sequence Control
- · Sequence Editor: Example

## Sequence Files: Running a Sequence Using the Model 6000

#### Description

The Model 6000 Run Sequence Segment screen is used to run a portion of the system Sequence File.

Paused	Sequence	Control	Now@:	1
▶1. Run All 2. Subset 3. Cont 4. Pause 5. ABORT	01→Temp 125.0 02 <endfile></endfile>	20.0		

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Sequence Control screen:

CTRL , 2

Control, Sequence File Control

#### Menu Items

The following table describes the menu items found on the **Sequence Control** screen:

Select	In Order To	
1. Run All	run all lines of the sequence file.	
2. Subset	open the Run Sequence Segment screen to run selected lines of the sequence.	
3. Cont. (continue)	resume sequence execution following a Pause command.	
4. Pause	pause sequence execution.	
5. ABORT	halt all sequence operation. Note that continue will not resume execution following an ABORT command.	

#### Display Items

The **Sequence Control** screen provides the following display items:

The Item	Displays	
Now @: 1	the command line that is being executed. Line 1 will be displayed by default.	
Main Display Area	the current sequence file. As the file is executed, the display will scroll through the file.	

#### Running a Sequence

In order to run the entire sequence, select **Run All** from the menu on this screen and sequence execution will begin immediately.

If you want to run only a portion of the file, select **Subset...** to open the **Run Sequence Segment** screen. The use of this screen is described below.

#### Sequence Files

# Running Part of a Sequence

The following instructions explain how to run selected, sequential lines of the sequence file:

- Open the Sequence Control screen (CTRL, 2).
- 2. Select the menu item **2. Subset...** to open the **Run Sequence Segment** screen. The sequence file will be displayed in the main area of the screen.
- 3. Enter a **Start at:** line number by either keying in the line number or by pressing the **INCR** or **DECR** key to scroll through the file lines. This is the first line that will be executed. When this value is entered, the corresponding line will be displayed.
- 4. Using the same technique as in step three, enter an **End at:** line number. This is the last line that will be executed.

<u>Note:</u> Scan commands may not be partially selected for a run. The **Start at:** and **End at:** line numbers must fully include any scan command.

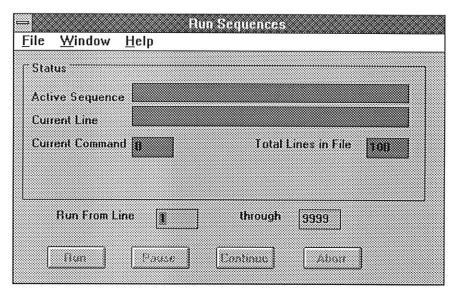
Note: The system will not allow you to enter an ending line number that occurs before the starting line number. If a starting line number is entered that is greater than the ending line number, the system will automatically change the ending line number to the same value as the starting line number.

5. Verify that you have entered the correct starting and ending line numbers and press **ALT** and **ENTER** to execute the sequence file run. Sequence execution will begin immediately.

## Sequence Files: Running a Sequence Using the PPMS Control Panel

#### Description

The **Run Sequences** panel of the PPMS Control Panel is used to execute and monitor sequence file activities.



Opening the Run Sequences Panel

The **Run Sequences** panel may be opened from any of the PPMS Control Panel panels by selecting **Run** from the **Window** menu.

#### **Entry Items**

The following table describes the entry items found on the Run Sequence panel:

The Item Specifies	
Run From Line	the starting line number for the sequence run. This is the first line that will be executed.
through	the ending line number. The sequence will stop running after this line is completed.

#### Action Buttons

The following table describes the four action buttons located along the bottom of the **Run Sequence** panel:

Press	In Order To	
Run	run the sequence file.	
Pause	pause sequence execution after the current line is completed. Execution can be resumed using the <b>Continue</b> command.	
Continue	resume sequence execution following a Pause command.	
Abort	stop sequence execution entirely.	

#### **Display Items**

The Run Sequence panel displays the following items:

The Item	Displays
Active Sequence	the name of the current sequence file.
Current Line	the current sequence file command line.
Current Command	the current line number under execution.
Total Lines in File	the total number of lines in the sequence file.

#### How to Run a Sequence

Although you may create a sequence file from either the Model 6000 menu system or the PPMS Control Panel, the sequence file must be loaded onto the Model 6000 in order to run. The following instructions explain how to download a sequence file to the Model 6000 using the PPMS Control Panel. If your sequence was written from the Model 6000, you may skip steps 2 through 4.

- 1. Open the **Run Sequences** panel by selecting **Run** from the **Window** menu.
- 2. Open the **File** menu of the **Run Sequences** panel.
- 3. Select **Download Sequence File and Overwrite**. If you want the selected file to be appended to the current Model 6000 sequence file, select **Download Sequence File and Append**.
- 4. An open file panel will open. Select the sequence file to download and press OK. A display panel will open to indicate the status of the download as the file is downloaded. When this panel is closed, the sequence file name will be displayed in the field Active Sequence and you may proceed to the next step.
- If you want to run a portion of the file, key in the starting and ending lines in the Run From Line and Through entry fields.
- 6. Press the **Run** button to begin sequence execution.

At any time during the sequence run, you may press the **Pause** button to halt the sequence execution. The current sequence line will be completed and the system will pause execution. Press the **Continue** button to resume execution.

The **Abort** button should only be used to completely stop execution of the file. The **Continue** button will not resume execution following the **Abort** command.

## **Serial Port Setup**

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Serial Port Setup** screen is used to set the parameters of the RS-232 serial port located on the Model 6000 rear panel.

	Serial Port Setup	
Baud Rate	:▶300	Mode: 8,N,1
Handshake	:	
SRQ Char	:	
Termination String	: LF/CR	
[EXEC] to Execute	(	)

GPIB Equivalent

SPTS (Termination String)

SPMD (Mode)

Model 6000 Keystrokes Press the following keys to view this screen:

CONFIG , 2

Configure, Serial Port Setup

# Configuration Items

The following table describes each of the RS-232 port configuration items that may be set from this screen:

Parameter	Allowed Values <sup>†</sup>	Specifies
Baud Rate	up to 38.4 Kbps	rate of information flow in bits per second.
Handshake	None (0) XONXOFF (1) RTS (2) Both (3)	Flow Control mode.
SRQ Character <sup>‡</sup>	ASCII 0 to 255	service request character. When a bad command is entered, this character will be returned.
Termination String	NONE (0) CR/LF (1) LF/CR (2) CR (3) LF (4) FF (5)	the termination string value.
Mode	8,N,1 (0) 8,O,1 (1) 8,E,1 (2) 8,N,2 (3)	port mode. bit size (8), parity (None, Odd, Even), com# (1 or 2).

<sup>†</sup> Values in parenthesis indicate the GPIB bit representation for each parameter.

<sup>‡</sup> A zero-valued **SRQ Character** will turn off the service request. Also, Microsoft Windows' Terminal mode does not support the SRQ command.

## Set Digital Outputs (DigSet)

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Set Digital Outputs** screen is used to set the Model 6000 rear panel digital outputs to control external equipment.

Set Digital Outputs

Aux. Drive #1: ► Off Aux. Drive #2: Off Aux. Drive #3: Off Actuator Drive: Off

[EXEC] to Execute

GPIB Equivalent DIGSET

Model 6000 Keystrokes Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL , 3 , 07

Control, Immediate Operations, 07:DigSet

#### Selection Items

The **Set Digital Outputs** screen allows you to specify a drive line for activation. The following table provides the corresponding rear panel pinouts for the **Digital Output** lines:

Digital Output	Rear Panel Port	Pin Number	
		Drive	Return
Auxiliary Drive #1	Auxiliary (P8)	1	14
Auxiliary Drive #2	Auxiliary (P8)	2	15
Auxiliary Drive #3	Auxiliary (P8)	3	16
Actuator Drive	Motor (P10)	3	8

How to Set Digital Output Lines These digital output lines may be set to control external 24 volt DC relays, valves and other devices. Press the **INCR** or **DECR** key to turn the selected output **ON** to activate the line, or **OFF** to turn it off.

Related Topics · Appendix B: DIGSET

## Software (Model 6000 Software Menu)

#### Description

The Model 6000 **Software** menu allows the user to configuration specific features of the Model 6000 firmware.

#### Software

- ▶1. User Preferences...
  - 2. Error Logging...
  - 3. Diagnostics...
  - 4. Data Display...

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

This menu is accessed by pressing the following keys:

CONFIG , 5

Configure, Software

#### Menu Items

The following table explains each of the selection items found on the **Software** menu:

Select	In Order To
1. User Preferences	set the system sound settings.
2. Error Logging	specify where and how error logging is performed.
3. Diagnostics	enable system diagnostics, bridge channel display, and factory defaults on power up.
4. Data Display	specify data file display parameters used in the Data File Listing screen.

- User Preferences
- · Error Logging
- · Diagnostic Settings
- · Data File Listing

## Status - Bridge

#### Description

The Model 6000 Status - Bridge screen provides a display of bridge channels 1 through 4.

	STATUS - BRID	GE	Sys	tem external
Chan 1:	invalid	+	0.000	μА
Chan 2:		+	0.000	μA
Chan 3:		+	0.000	μA
Chan 4:		+	0.000	μA

GPIB Equivalent

Model 6000
Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view the Status - Bridge screen:

STATUS, STATUS, STATUS

#### **Display Items**

The **Status - Bridge** screen provides a display of the status of each of the four bridge channels. The following table describes this display:

Item	ls Displayed	And Reports
Channel Status	to the right of the channel number (Chan 1:).	the current status of the corresponding channel.  Note: An "invalid" display indicates that the specified excitation current is not adequate to produce a reading.
± (Mode Indicator)	to the right of the channel status.	that the channel is in AC mode. Otherwise, this symbol will not appear.
Excitation Current	at the left end of the channel display line.	the actual current through the channel. This value is reported in microamps ( $\mu A$ ).
Bridge Display Indicator	at the top right of the display screen.	which bridge is being displayed. This value may be changed from the <b>Diagnostic Settings</b> screen (CONFIG, 5, 3).

Note: The values shown on this screen are set from the Setup Bridge Channel screen.

- · Setup Bridge Channel
- · Set Digital Outputs

## Status - Other

#### Description

The Model 6000 Status - Other screen provides a status display of the following systems:

- · Driver Channel Current
- · Analog Output Signal Voltage
- · Digital Output Status

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	STATUS	- OTHER		
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	
Drivers:	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	mA
Signals:	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	V
Digital:			LM N	X	

GPIB Equivalent	DRVOUT?, SIGOUT?
Model 6000 Keystrokes	Press the following keys to view the <b>Status - Other</b> screen:
•	STATUS , STATUS

#### Display Items

The **Status - Other** screen provides a display of the status of the four Driver and Signal Outputs, and Digital Output status. The following table describes this display:

The Item	Displays
Drivers:	the current through each of the four driver channels (milliamps).
Signals:	the voltage output for each of the four rear panel BNC connectors (A1 through A4).
Digital:	two-letter codes that describe the state of the sample positioner, drive and select lines, and the motor actuator.

#### Digital Display Codes

The following table explains the codes displayed to the right of the **Digital:** field (the code is displayed to indicate that the item is asserted):

Code	Meaning	Connector Port
HL	Hold	External Port (P11) Hold line (pin 9) is asserted
UR	User	External Port (P11) User line (pin 5) is asserted
A1	Aux In 1	Auxiliary Port (P8) Drive Line #1 is asserted
A2	Aux In 2	Auxiliary Port (P8) Drive Line #2 is asserted
LM	Limit	The sample positioner is at the Limit switch
NX	Index	The sample positioner is at the Index position
S1	Select 1	External Port (P11) Select Line 1 is asserted
S2	Select 2	External Port (P11) Select Line 2 is asserted
S3	Select 3	External Port (P11) Select Line 3 is asserted
AC	Actuator Drive	Motor Port (P10) Actuator Drive Line is asserted

- Appendix A: Model 6000 Rear Panel Pinouts
- · Sample Positioner
- Set Driver Outputs (DrvOut)
- Set Voltage Output at BNC Connector (SigOut)

### Status - System

The Model 6000 Status -System screen provides a display of general system status information as well as the ability to quickly maneuver to system entry screens.

TEMP?, FIELD?, MOVE?, CHAMBER?, SEQSTAT?, DATA?, LEVEL?

Model 6000
Keystrokes

Press the following key to view the Status - System screen:

STATUS

#### Display Items

The following table describes each of the items displayed on the Status - System screen:

The Item	Displays the current
Тетр	system temperature in kelvin. To the right of this value is the target temperature, in brackets [], followed by the temperature control status.
Field	magnetic field in oersted. To the right of this value is the target field value, in brackets [], followed by the field control status.
Position	sample positioner position.
Chamber	sample chamber status.
Sequence	sequence file status. When a sequence is running, the sequence line currently under execution will be displayed here.
Data file	data file size as percent-of-full. To the right of this value is the number of lines in the data file, in brackets [].
Level	helium level in the dewar as percent-of-full.

#### Fast Keys

The **Status-System** screen has a feature that allows quick access to different entry screens, that bypasses the menu system. This screen includes a cursor that may be moved from field to field. Place the cursor on a field and press the **ENTER** key to open the entry screen that corresponds to that field.

- · Set System Temperature
- Set Magnetic Field
- · Temperature Status Codes
- Magnet Status Codes
- · Chamber Status Codes
- · Interactive Control
- · Build/Edit Sequence File
- · Helium Level
- · Move Positioner
  - Sequence Control

## Temperature: Setting the Temperature, Overview

# Introduction The PPMS system temperature may be set directly by the user or temperature commands may be programmed as part of a sequence file using either of the interface options. Temperature Reporting The PPMS temperature is reported continuously on the Status - System screen of the Model 6000 and on the PPMS Control Panel. The target and actual temperatures are reported along with the status code which reports on the current state of the temperature control system.

## Temperature Parameters

The following table explains each of the parameters used to set the system temperature:

The Item	Specifies	Allowed Values
Temperature	the system target temperature. Once executed, the system will attempt to reach this temperature.	1.7 to 325 kelvin
Rate	how quickly the system will approach the target temperature.	0 to 10 kelvin per minute
Approach	the final approach used to reach the target temperature. When appropriate <b>Approach</b> will override the <b>Rate</b> setting.  Note: see <b>Temperature: Approach Mode</b> for a full explanation of these modes.	•No Overshoot •Fast Settle

# For More Information

This section of the manual provides information about temperature approach modes, how to set the system temperature, and temperature status codes. Use the following table to locate the information you need:

For Information About	Refer to the Section	On Page
how to set the temperature using the Model 6000	Temperature: Setting the Temperature Using the Model 6000	79
how to set the temperature using the PPMS Control Panel	Temperature: Setting the Temperature Using the PPMS Control Panel	80
temperature approach modes	Temperature: Approach Modes	81
temperature status codes	Temperature: Status Codes	82
GPIB temperature comands	Appendix B: TEMP	B-24, 25

## **Temperature: Setting Temperature Using the Model 6000**

In This Section

This section describes how to set the system temperature using the Model 6000 menu system

Description

The Model 6000 **Set System Temperature** screen, shown below, is used to set the system temperature.

Set System Temperature

Temperature: ► 270.0 K
Rate : 10.1 K/m
Approach : No overshoot
(Now at: 270.0 STABLE)

[EXEC] to Execute (

Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CTRL , 3 , 01

Control, Immediate Operations, 01: Temp

Setting the System Temperature

The following instructions describe how to set the temperature using the Model 6000 menus system:

- 1. Enter the Set System Temperature screen (CTRL, 3, 01).
- 2. Key in a value for the Temperature in kelvin.
- 3. Press the down arrow key to advance to the **Rate** field.
- 4. Key in a value for the **Rate** in kelvin per minute.
- 5. Press the down arrow again to advance to the Approach Mode field.
- 6. Use the INCR or DECR key to select an Approach Mode.
- Press the ALT and ENTER keys to execute this command. The temperature control system will invoke this command immediately.

To exit without saving any changes press the **ESC** key.

**Note:** The value you enter in the **Temperature** field is the *target* or *setpoint* temperature. This is the temperature that the system will attempt to reach and maintain until a new temperature command is issued.

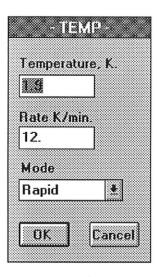
## Temperature: Setting Temperature Using the PPMS Control Panel

In This Section

This section describes how to set the system temperature using the PPMS Control Panel.

Description

The **Temperature** panel, shown below, is used to set the system temperature.



#### Opening the Temperature Panel

The **Temperature** panel is opened from the **Control Panel** of the PPMS Control Panel. The following instructions explain how to open this panel:

- From the PPMS Control Panel Control Panel, place the cursor on the Temperature display. The cursor will change from an arrow to a hand.
- 2. Press the left mouse button once. The panel will now be opened.

<u>Note:</u> To open the **Temperature** panel with the cursor at a specific parameter, place the cursor on the parameter display of the **Control Panel** and click the mouse.

#### Setting the System Temperature

The following instructions describe how to set the temperature using the PPMS Control Panel:

- 1. Open the **Temperature** panel (see above).
- 2. Key in a value for the Temperature in kelvin.
- 3. Press the **TAB** key to advance to the **Rate** field.
- 4. Key in a value for the **Rate** in kelvin per minute.
- 5. Press the **TAB** key again to advance to the **Approach Mode** field.
- 6. Press the down arrow button to display the Approach Modes. Select an Approach Mode by placing the cursor on the mode and clicking the mouse.
- Press the **OK** button to execute this command. The temperature control system will invoke this
  command immediately.

To exit without saving any changes press the Cancel button.

<u>Note</u>: The value you enter in the **Temperature** field is the *target* or *setpoint* temperature. This is the temperature that the system will attempt to reach and maintain until a new temperature command is issued.

#### **Temperature**

## Temperature: Approach Mode

#### Description

The **Temperature Approach Mode** determines the final approach used by the system to reach the target temperature.

#### Temperature Approach Mode Definitions

The following table describes the two **Approach Modes** used to reach the target temperature:

Approach Mode <sup>†</sup>	Description
No Overshoot	The new temperature will be achieved with minimal overshoot of the target temperature.
Fast Settle	The new temperature will be approached by slightly overshooting the target temperature to minimize the time required to settle.

† When appropriate, the **Approach Mode** will override the **Rate** setting.

#### Using No Overshoot Mode

- The No Overshoot mode will normally require longer settling times before reaching the target temperature.
- No Overshoot mode attempts to minimize any overshoot as the temperature settles, however, it is not guaranteed that there will be absolutely no overshoot of the final temperature.

#### Using Fast Settle Mode

- In Fast Settle mode, the target temperature will typically be reached more quickly than in the No
  Overshoot mode.
- Fast Settle mode is <u>not recommended</u> for use with samples that are temperature hysteretic.

## **Temperature: Status Codes**

#### Description

The **Temperature Status Code** is displayed on the Model 6000 **Status - System** and **Set System Temperature** screens, and on the PPMS Control Panel to report the present status of the temperature control system.

#### Code Definitions

During normal operation, the temperature control system will cycle through various states. The following table provides the meaning for each of the temperature status codes that are displayed through these states:

Status Code	Meaning
Fault	General Temperature System Failure
Chasing	System is chasing the target temperature
Diag	System is in diagnostic mode
Impedfail	Impedance failure
Near	Near target temperature
Potops	Filling or emptying pot
Stable	Temperature is stable at set point
Standby	System is in standby mode
Tracking	Tracking target temperature
Unknown	Unknown status, contact Quantum Design

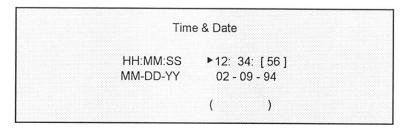
# About Broken Status

A **Fault** status display will usually occur when the flow rate table is not properly calibrated or if there is a sensor malfunction.

#### Time & Date

#### Description

The Model 6000 Time & Date screen is used to set the Model 6000 time and date.



#### GPIB Equivalent

TIME

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CONFIG , 1

Configure, Time & Date

#### Setting the System Date and Time

- 1. Enter the time in hour:minutes:seconds format. The hour is set in military time (for example, 3:00 pm is entered as 15:00). The seconds field resets to zero when the new minute value is entered.
- 2. The date is set in Day-Month-Year format. Each field requires two digits, thus, February 9, 1994 would be entered as 02-09-94.
- It is not necessary to press [EXEC] to save changes to this screen. The system time is updated when the ENTER key is pressed.

To exit without making any changes, press the ESC key.

#### **User Preferences**

#### Description

The Model 6000 User Preferences screen is used to specify sound options on the Model 6000.

User Preferences

Enable Sounds: ► All On

Display Input Signals:

None

[EXEC] to Execute

#### Model 6000 Keystrokes

Press the following keys to view this screen:

CONFIG , 5 , 1

Configure, Software, User Preferences

#### Configuration Items

The User Preferences screen allows the user to enable different levels of sound options for the Model 6000.

# About Enable Sounds

The Model 6000 will sound when error conditions exist, during the course of a sequence file run, and when an invalid key is pressed. Press the **INCR or DECR** key to select from the three sound options. These options are explained in the following table:

Select	To Enable
All On	all system sounds.
Limited	all system sounds with no sounds repeated; error sounds, which are normally repeated until the condition is resolved, will only sound one time.
Keys Only	key pad sounds only. All error and batch file sounds will be blocked.
None	no sounds.

Note: Sounds are distinguished by tone and tone combinations rather than by cause. Therefore, when Limited is selected, the system will not repeat the same sound even when a newer or different error condition exists.

To exit without making any changes, press the ESC key.