

## Solution for Extra HW Week 11

Problem 1

$$y'' + \omega^2 y = g, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1$$

(Problem 13)  
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$$\mathcal{L}[y'' + \omega^2 y] = \mathcal{L}[g] = G$$

$$s^2 Y - s y(0) - y'(0) + \omega^2 Y = G, \quad (s^2 + \omega^2) Y = 1 + G,$$

$$Y = \frac{1}{s^2 + \omega^2} + \frac{G}{s^2 + \omega^2}, \quad y(t) = \frac{1}{\omega} \sin \omega t + \frac{1}{\omega} \int_0^t \sin \omega(t-\tau) g(\tau) d\tau$$

Problem 2

$$y^{(4)} + 5y'' + 4y = g, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0, \quad y''(0) = 0, \quad y'''(0) = 0$$

(Problem 20)  
P355

$$\mathcal{L}[y^{(4)} + 5y'' + 4y] = \mathcal{L}[g] = G$$

$$s^4 Y - s^3 y(0) - s^2 y'(0) - s y''(0) - y'''(0) + 5(s^2 Y - s y(0) - y'(0)) + 4Y = G$$

$$(s^4 + 5s^2 + 4) Y = G + s^3 + 5s, \quad Y = \frac{G}{s^4 + 5s^2 + 4} + \frac{s^3 + 5s}{s^4 + 5s^2 + 4}$$

$$Y = \frac{G}{(s^2+4)(s^2+1)} + \frac{s^3+5s}{(s^2+4)(s^2+1)}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{(s^2+4)(s^2+1)} = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{s^2+1} - \frac{1}{s^2+4} \right), \quad \mathcal{L}[H] = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sin t - \frac{1}{6} \sin 2t \equiv h(t)$$

$$J \equiv \frac{s(s^2+5)}{(s^2+4)(s^2+1)} = \frac{As+B}{s^2+4} + \frac{Cs+D}{s^2+1}, \quad (As+B)(s^2+1) + (Cs+D)(s^2+4) = s^3+5s$$

$$s^3: \quad A + C = 1$$

$$s^2: \quad B + D = 0$$

$$s^1: \quad A + 4C = 5 \quad C = \frac{4}{3}, \quad A = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$s^0: \quad B + 4D = 0 \quad B = 0 = D$$

$$J = \frac{-\frac{1}{3}s + 0}{s^2+4} + \frac{\frac{4}{3}s}{s^2+1}, \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1}[J] = -\frac{1}{3} \cos 2t + \frac{4}{3} \cos t$$

$$\therefore y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[ \frac{G}{(s^2+4)(s^2+1)} + \frac{s^3+5s}{(s^2+4)(s^2+1)} \right] = \int_0^t h(t-\tau) g(\tau) d\tau - \frac{1}{3} \cos 2t + \frac{4}{3} \cos t$$

Problem 3

(a)  $v_1' = 1.5 + 1.5 - 3.0 = 0, \quad v_1 = 30 \text{ gal}$

(Problem 22)  
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$v_2' = 1 + 3 - 4.0 = 0, \quad v_2 = 20 \text{ gal}$

$$\frac{dQ_1}{dt} = 1.5 \times 1 - 3 \cdot \frac{Q_1}{30} + 1.5 \cdot \frac{Q_2}{20},$$

$$\frac{dQ_2}{dt} = 3 \times \frac{Q_1}{30} - \frac{Q_2}{20} \times 4$$

(b)  $1.5 - \frac{Q_1}{10} + \frac{3Q_2}{40} = 0$   $1.5 - \frac{Q_2}{5} + \frac{3Q_2}{40} = 0 \quad \frac{3}{2} = \frac{5}{40} Q_2, \quad Q_2 = \underline{\underline{12 \text{ oz}}}$   
 $\frac{Q_1}{10} - \frac{Q_2}{5} = 0$   $Q_1 = 2 \cdot Q_2 = 24 \text{ oz}$

(c)  $x_1 = Q_1 - Q_1^E = Q_1 - 24, \quad x_2 = Q_2 - Q_2^E = Q_2 - 12$

$$x_1' = 1.5 - \frac{1}{10}(x_1 + 24) + \frac{3}{40}(x_2 + 12) = -\frac{1}{10}x_1 + \frac{3}{40}x_2$$

$$x_2' = \frac{1}{10}(x_1 + 24) - \frac{1}{5}(x_2 + 12) = \frac{x_1}{10} - \frac{x_2}{5}$$